November 6, 1776. NUMB. 2498.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

PHILADELPHIA, OCTOBER 29, 1776.

THE Publiſhers of the ſeveral weekly NEWSPAPERS in this City, are under the diſagreeable Neceſſity of informing their Subſcribers, that the extraordinary Advance in the Price of Paper, and other Materials in the Printing Buſineſs, has obliged them to raiſe the Price to FIFTEEN SHILLINGS *per Annum*; and they hope their Cuſtomers will not take it amiſs to find that Price charged from and after the Firſt Day of *January* next.—Thoſe who ſhould not incline to have the Papers ſent after that Time, are deſired to call and diſcharge their Arrears; ſuch as do not, we ſhall conclude they agree to the advanced Price, and ſhall continue to ſend them accordingly.—Perſons ſubſcribing for the Papers after this Date to be charged FIFTEEN SHILLINGS *per Annum*, one Half of which to be paid at Entrance.

WM. and THOMAS BRADFORD.
JOHN DUNLAP.
JAMES HUMPHREYS.
HALL and SELLERS.

AT PUBLIC VENDUE,

At Bright and Pechin's wharff, on Thurſday, the 8th of November inſtant, at Nine o'clock,

Will begin the SALE of

SUGAR, Rum, Hides, Mahogany Plank, Tortoiſe-ſhell, a ſmall Parcel of old Silver, and ſome Gold Duſt

And on Saturday evening, the 10th, at Six o'clock,

At the Coffee-Houſe,

WILL BE SOLD

THE SHIP THETIS, as per INVENTORY.

To be LETT, about ſeven Miles from Philadelphia, for any Number of Years,

A very convenient PLANTATION.

The PRINTERS can ſhow Particulars.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE tract of patented land, ſituate in Weſt-[illegible] county, near the Kittanning, containing near one thouſand acres. The owner would exchange it for a plantation within 30 miles of Philadelphia, or ſell it cheap for caſh.

Enquire of the PRINTERS. ‖ 6 W.

Philadelphia, November 6, 1776.

To be SOLD, at the Coffee-Houſe, on Wedneſday, the 20th inſtant, at 6 o'clock in the evening,

A WATER LOT, clear of groundrent, ſituated near the upper ſide of Poole's Bridge, and adjoining a meſſuage and lot of William Clifton, containing in breadth, by the deed, on Front-ſtreet continued, 45 feet, and extending in length 340 feet certain, and thence into the river Delaware; under an unexpired leaſe of 3 years from the firſt of January next, during which the poſſeſſors are to make certain improvements and to pay the rent of 12l. per annum for the laſt two years. Several ſtreets will in time run through the lot. LINDSAY COATS.

TO BE SOLD,

The following Tracts of LAND lying in Virginia,

181 Acres of good Limeſtone Land, in Frederick county, on the drains of Opekan, about two miles from Wincheſter.

250 Acres of Wood Land, in Frederick county aforeſaid, about two miles from Woodſtock.

200 Acres, formerly Odle's, about ten miles from Wincheſter, adjoining lands of Joſeph Smith Speer and Alexander Rutherford.

400 Acres on the waters of Back-Creek, in the county aforeſaid, and on the great road leading to the ſouth branch, about ten miles from Wincheſter, 100 acres of which are extreme rich bottom, well watered by a fine ſtream that runs through it, there are ſome improvements on it, and about 40 acres cleared.

800 Acres on the north branch of Patowmack, and on a branch called Cabbin-Run, about 8 miles from Fort Cumberland.

A Houſe and Lot, and ten acres out Lot, in the town of Woodſtock.

400 Acres in Hampſhire county, on Andis's Mill-Run, and adjoining lands of ſaid Andis.

For terms apply to GEORGE MEADE, who will ſell the lands for current money, or on credit, with proper ſecurity, as may ſuit the purchaſer. 4 W.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN, on the night of the 26th of September laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Hamilton townſhip, Cumberland county, and province of Pennſylvania, two Horſes, viz. one black, 15½ hands high, no brand but a ſcar on his rump by a hurt, a natural pacer, ſhod before, nine years old. The other a bay, 5 years old, 15 hands high, branded I. L. on the near ſhoulder, trots and paces; had a bell on, marked I. L. and one pair of iron fetters. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid horſes, and thieves, ſo that the owner may get the horſes, and the thief or thieves brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or Three Pounds for the horſes, with reaſonable charges if brought home, paid by JOHN LEEPER. ¶

WHEREAS I, the ſubſcriber, between nine and ten o'clock in the night of the 22d of October laſt, was attacked by ill-deſigning perſons, between Andrew Smith's tavern and Matthias Holebach's, with clubs, who knocked me down, and beat me in an unmerciful manner, until they thought I was dead, and robbed me (as is ſuppoſed) of my pocket-book, in which were Forty-ſeven Dollars in Continental currency, beſides ſome ſmall bills: I do therefore offer the reward of Six Dollars to any perſon who ſhall find the ſaid pocket-book and money, provided it was loſt at the time I was defending myſelf, before I was overpowered by the villains, but if they have robbed me of it, I hereby promiſe the reward of FIFTY DOLLARS for apprehending the thief or thieves, ſo as they be thereof convicted, and the pocket-book and money delivered to me

CASPER WEAVER. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

In purſuance of the laſt will and teſtament of John Hughes, deceaſed, at the Coffee-houſe, on Wedneſday, the 20th inſtant, at 6 o'clock in the evening,

A LOT OF GROUND, ſituated in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 100 feet, and in length 396 feet; bounded northward with Nicholas Waln's lot, eaſtward with the ſecond ſtreet, and weſtward with the front ſtreet from Schuylkill, between Market and Arch-ſtreets.

To be ſold at private ſale, two lots of ground, ſituated in Eaſton, in the county of Northampton, marked in the plan of the town, No. 176, and 3, on one of which is erected a convenient ſtone dwelling-houſe, two ſtories high, with a piazza and kitchen, and good ſtables; one of the ſaid lots contains in breadth 60 feet, and in depth 130 feet; and the other the ſame breadth, and in length 120 feet; each being ſubject to a quitrent of ſeven ſhillings ſterling per annum.

Nov. 6, 1776. ‖ ISAAC HUGHES, ſurviving Executor.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Iſaiah Linton, late of Harford county, in the province of Maryland, Miller, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment; and all thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to make known their reſpective claims, that they may be adjuſted by

¶ WILLIAM LINTON, Adminiſtrator.

N. B. Attendance will be given from the tenth of November inſtant, until the firſt of December next, at or near the late dwelling of the ſaid deceaſed.

JOHN BYRNES, Bricklayer,

OF Maryland, is deſired immediately to call on his friend J. M. of Philadelphia, in order to hear of ſomething to his advantage. *Philadelphia, November* 4, 1776. §

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, the 21ſt of October laſt, an Iriſh ſervant girl, named Margaret Kelly, *about 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, ſhe has a ſcar on the under ſide of her right arm, black hair, with a high roller; had on, when ſhe went away, a ſtriped calicoe ſhort gown, and a lincey one under it, a ſtriped lincey petticoat, a homeſpun ſhift, a tow apron, a white handkerchief, and a white linen bonnet; ſhe walks very upright. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, ſo that her maſter may have her again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by*

† JOHN BOYER.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Kingſeſs townſhip, Philadelphia county, the 31ſt of October laſt, an Iriſh ſervant girl, named Jane Gau, *of a low ſtature, but pretty fat and thick, of a brown complexion, marked ſome [illegible] the ſmall pox, has a ſcar on her under lip, ſhort black hair; had on, when ſhe went away, a new ſtriped homeſpun linen gown, a purple ſilk bonnet, almoſt new, an old black calimancoe quilt, a dirty ſtriped lincey petticoat, low-heeled leather ſhoes, blue yarn ſtockings; took with her two ſtriped linen ſhort gowns, one a dark ſtripe, pieced at the ſleeves with ſtripe of another ſort, the other a light ſtripe homeſpun, almoſt new, one check apron, one tow ditto, and one purple lincey ditto, two white ſingle handkerchiefs, and one cotton ditto, 3 caps, one lawn the others linen.—— Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant girl, and ſecures her in any goal, ſo that her maſter may get her again ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by*

§ THOMAS LAYCOCK.

BROKE out of the goal of Berks county, Pennſylvania, on Sunday, the 27th day of October laſt, two felons, viz. Frederic Meyer, *a German, about 5 feet 10 inches high, dark complexion, with black curled hair, about 40 years of age, had on a homeſpun blue and white coat, white jacket, leather breeches, a large ſlaped hat; he lately broke out of Eaſton goal.* Thomas Roach, *a native of Ireland, about 5 feet 8 inches high, 30 years of age, ſandy complexion, and hair; had on a white hunting ſhirt and trowſers, a brown jacket; alſo a certain* William Jones, *committed on ſuſpicion of ſtealing. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Frederic Meyer, and Thomas Roach, and commits them in any goal, ſo that they may be had again, ſhall receive* FIVE POUNDS *reward for the former, and* TWO POUNDS *for the latter, from*

¶ PAUL KERBER, goaler.

STRAYED or STOLEN, on the 8th of September laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Eaſt-Bradford townſhip, Cheſter county, TWO HEIFERS, one three years old, brindled, with a white face, and a brown ſpot round her off eye, has neither brand nor ear-mark; the other two years old, a brown, has a crop in the near ear, and a ſlit in the off ear, and had a bell on. Whoever brings them home, or informs the owner where they may be found, ſhall have ONE DOLLAR reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by §

Nov. 1, 1776. ROBERT MERCER, junior.

CAME to the houſe of the ſubſcriber, living in Auguſta townſhip, Northumberland county, on the 6th day of October laſt, A SORREL MARE, about 14 hands high, 6 years old, no brand, a natural pacer, has a ſtar in her forehead, and ſome other natural marks. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away. ‡ JOB HUGHES.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in the upper part of Trenton, on the 3d of Auguſt laſt, a black HORSE, near 15 hands high, with a ſtar in his forehead, three white feet, branded on the near thigh but cannot diſtinguiſh what letter, ſhod all round, a natural pacer. The owner coming for him, proving his property, and paying charges, may have him again.

¶ BENJAMIN CLARK.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, living in Leacock townſhip, Lancaſter county, a bright bay MARE, about 4 years old, has a ſmall ſtar, the off hind foot white, paces and trots, a good deal of the hair trimmed off her tail. The thief that was ſeen riding her away is named Stephen Barat. Whoever takes up ſaid mare and thief, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive the above reward, or for the mare Forty Shillings, paid by

October 27, 1776. § HUMPHREY FULLERTON.

Paradiſe Townſhip, York County, Pennſylvania, October 15, 1776.

STOLEN, laſt night, out of the ſubſcriber's paſture, two HORSES, the one a dark roan, with a white mane and tail, 15 years old, paces and trots, branded on the near fore ſide thus CJ, is of a middle ſize, and has on his back a place without hair. The other is ſmaller, a light brown, 3 years old, branded on the near ſide before and behind with M. Whoever takes up ſaid horſes and ſecures them, ſo that the owner may have them again, or brings them to his houſe, ſhall receive Four Dollars for each, beſides reaſonable charges, and Five Pounds for the thief, from

PETER BOOSE. ¶

BOSTON, *October* 17.

Sunday laſt Capt. Silas Atkins ſent into Cape-Ann, a ſhip with 450 quintals green fiſh.

A ſhip, burthen 225 tons, taken by Captain Thomas Nickaſon, in the privateer ſloop America, belonging to Plymouth, got ſafe into port laſt week, in the Connecticut State. Her cargo conſiſts of 200 hogſheads ſugar, 100 puncheons rum, 20 caſks Madeira wine, a quantity of logwood and mahogany.

Monday laſt was ſent into Salem, by Capt. Forreſter, a prize brig, with a large quantity of ſea coal, and 1600 pieces of woollen cloth.

On Wedneſday, laſt week, was ſent into Falmouth, Caſco-Bay, a large prize ſhip, with 16 carriage guns, and 10 ſwivels; her cargo conſiſts of beef, pork, butter, peaſe, bread, oatmeal, flour, 20 caſks and 2 half ditto powder, and 207 caſks nails. Capt. Engliſh, the prize-maſter, took two brigs, with raiſins, beef, pork, butter and rice; but was obliged to diſmiſs one for want of hands.

PORTSMOUTH (*New-Hampſhire*) *Oct.* 14.

Laſt Sunday arrived at Saco a ſmall prize ſchooner ſent in by the Putnam privateer, John Harmon commander, having on board 300 buſhels of ſalt and ſome oil. Next day arrived another ſchooner, taken by the ſame privateer, having on board 375 quintals of green fiſh, and ſome oil; ſhe brings an account of another ſmall veſſel taken that is not yet arrived, and one that they took, which was afterwards drove aſhore by a frigate.—The veſſel loſt, but the people got on board the privateer again; the frigate drove the privateer into a harbour, and came to anchor, with intention of keeping her in; but Capt. Harmon got one of his guns aſhore on a point of land, and fired on the frigate, when ſhe returned whole broad ſides into the woods at them, but did no damage.—Capt. Harmon, after a few ſhot, was ſo lucky as to cut away her fore-ſtay, which obliged her to come to ſail, and put to ſea.

Since our laſt arrived in this port two prize ſchooners, the Glaſgow and Neptune, laden with fiſh and oil, to a conſiderable amount, taken off the Banks of Newfoundland, by Capt. Robert Parker of this port.

This morning a ſmall prize ſchooner, with 200 quintals of fiſh, was ſent into this harbour; ſhe was taken by Capt. Calton in the General Gates privateer from Salem.

NEWBURY-PORT, *October* 18.

Yeſterday came in here, a prize brig, bound to White Haven, laden chiefly with mahogany.—She was taken about a fortnight ago by the Hancock privateer, Capt. Wingate Newman from this port.

NEW-LONDON, *October* 18.

Laſt Monday a regiment of Continental troops, commanded by Col. Richmond, arrived here from Rhode-Iſland.

Laſt Saturday the wife and daughter of one John Hill, a priſoner confined in Boſton goal, for being concerned with Cream Bruſh and others, in robbing the inhabitants of Boſton, when that place was evacuated, came to this town from Providence by water, and was endeavouring to get a paſſage to the weſt end of Long Iſland, but were ſtopped by the Committee of this town, and on examination were found upon them ſundry papers, containing matters of intelligence reſpecting the people, and ſtate of the country, ſent from ſaid Hill and others in Boſton, to be communicated to General Howe; it appeared from the papers found upon them, that they had been poſſeſſed of other papers, which they had ſecured or deſtroyed.—They were both ſent back with the papers, under a proper convoy, to the place from whence they came.

The Montgomery privateer, belonging to Providence, has taken and ſent into this port, a ſchooner from Cape Nichola Mole, bound to Halifax, having on board 9000 gallons of molaſſes and 6000 wt. of ſugar. The privateer had been out but 24 hours when ſhe took this veſſel.

NEW-HAVEN, October 23.

The poſt who arrived from the northward yeſterday informs, that General Waterbury, with one hundred of our people who were taken priſoners in our unſucceſsful engagements on the Lake, the 11th and 12th inſtant, are releaſed, on giving their paroles, and are now on the way to their homes.

A letter from the German-Flats mentions, that an uncommon peſtilential diſorder had broke out in a ſmall village of Mohawks, near that place, which had taken off 27 men, and ſeveral children, in a few days.

PROVIDENCE, October 12.

Thurſday laſt arrived the privateer Induſtry, Captain Child, of this port. About a fortnight ſince he fell in with a very large Jamaica ſhip mounting 10 cariage guns, which he engaged for ſeveral hours; but the ſea running very high, and his veſſel making much water, he could only bring two of his guns to bear, and was finally obliged to quit her. Capt. Child had two men killed, and five or ſix wounded.

October 19. Captain Coffin, in the privateer Favourite, has taken and ſent into port a ſchooner from Dominica, bound to Newfoundland, laden with rum, coffee, limes, &c.

PHILADELPHIA.

Extract of a letter to Congreſs, from Fort Lee (formerly Fort Conſtitution) dated October 28, 1776.

A ſhip moved up the river, early in the morning, above our lower lines, right oppoſite to Fort No. 1. near old head quarters at Morris's. She began a briſk cannonade upon the ſhore. Colonel Magaw, who commands at Fort Waſhington, got down an eighteen pounder, and fired ſixty rounds at her, twenty-ſix went through her. The gun was moſtly loaded with two balls. She was annoyed conſiderably by two eighteen pounders from the ſhore. The confuſion and diſtreſs that appeared on board

[*For the Remainder ſee the Fourth Page.*]

A Gentleman of this City has favoured us with London Papers to the 15th of Auguſt, from which the following Advices are taken.

LONDON. *Auguſt 6.*

ADVICE is received, from Ruſſia, that ſeven ſail of men of war, under the command of Vice-Admiral Telmanow, are ſailed from Cronſtadt, but to what part they are bound remains a ſecret.

The firſt of July a French brig put into Fyal, the Captain of which ſaid in his voyage he ſpoke with 20 ſail, great and ſmall, of Spaniſh men of war, bound to America.

A Portugueſe man of war, of 60 guns, commanded by Captain Suitzel, has taken, on the coaſt of Brazil, two Spaniſh merchant ſhips, and ſent them to Liſbon.

His Majeſty's ſhip the Worceſter, of 64 guns, caſt anchor at Fyal the latter end of June, at which place ſhe is ſtationed to cruiſe off, to intercept the American veſſels.

John Wilkes, Eſq; is ſaid to be extremely ill at Brighthelmſtone.

We hear that a petition will be preſented to the Secretary of State for the American department, by the Merchants, to cauſe the Captain of the Yankey privateer to be kept in cuſtody to anſwer to them for the property he has illegally taken, he being the ſole owner of the privateer; and the prizes, of courſe, will be ſold, in America, for his account and emolument.

The Neptune, Captain Coffin, which is arrived in the River from the Brazils, ſpoke with upwards of 30 American whale-veſſels; and was informed they had about 100 ſail whaling on that coaſt, moſt of whom had met with very great ſucceſs.

Extract of a letter from Saliſbury, Auguſt 5.

"A letter from Exmouth, dated July 31, ſays, On Saturday the 27th inſt. off the Start, and on Sunday the 28th in Torbay, our pilots ſpoke with a large New-England-built ſloop, which mounted 14 carriage guns, and a number of ſwivels; they counted above 40 men on board, ſome of whom, on the pilot-boat's approach, had their naked ſwords drawn; they enquired of the pilots, if any Eaſt-Indiamen were expected; and aſked many other queſtions; which plainly proved it was an American privateer."

Some of the ballaſt-heavers murmer greatly at the plan adopted by government, to employ the felons in that buſineſs, as they ſay it will throw great numbers of them out of employ, by which means their wives and families will become burthenſome to their different pariſhes.

Yeſterday Alexander Wedderburne, Eſq; his Majeſty's Solicitor, ſet out for France.

On Friday night an expreſs arrived from Glaſgow, with freſh diſpatches for Lord George Germaine, from Lord Dunmore at Virginia, brought over by the Nelly, Capt. Hudſon, who was taken up there for that purpoſe by Lord Dunmore. Several paſſengers are come over in her.

Auguſt 9. Advices from the Electorate of Hanover ſay, their few manufactures, and their huſbandry, are greatly affected by recruiting and tranſporting ſo many men out of the country.

During the time that General Howe lay at Turtle Bay, he diſpatched ſeveral ſloops to New-York, Statten-Iſland &c. to reconnoitre the ſituation of the American forces in thoſe parts; they returned and informed him, that General Putnam lay at New-York entrenched, with a body of 12,000 men, beſides militia; that a great number of Indians were alſo encamped on a riſing ground on Statten Iſland, who made a moſt formidable appearance; and that for 21 miles up the Narrows to New-York, round to New England, were nothing but intrenchments and forts full of men. They further informed him, that they were forming an intrenchment through the middle of Long Iſland, to cut off any communication between him and New-York, provided the troops from England, and thoſe under his command, ſhould attempt to make good a landing at the eaſt end of Long Iſland.

Capt. Johnſon, of the Yankey privateer, and Roſs and Hodges (Captains of the two Weſt Indiamen taken by the above privateer) were ſitting together in Johnſon's cabin, a few days after they were taken, when Johnſon having inadvertently laid down his cutlaſs, Roſs and Hodges took advantage of it, by throwing him on his back, and ſeized the cutlaſs.

The guard ſtationed on the quarter-deck having alſo laid down his cutlaſs, in order to go forward, one of Roſs or Hodges's people, who had been let into the ſecret, immediately ſeized it, and gave the alarm, on which the men belonging to the Yankey, and thoſe of the merchantmen (who ought to have been confined) run up, and one of the Americans having caught up a ſcrubbing bruſh, and advancing in a threatening poſture, was told by the man who held the cutlaſs, that if he advanced a ſtep further he would take his head off, and ordered him, and the reſt of the men belonging to the privateer, to go forward; Roſs and Hodges in the mean time having broke open the armed cheſt.

Captain Johnſon and his crew were removed from the Yankey about two o'clock on Sunday morning, and it is ſaid are now on board the Conqueſtadore man of war.

Capt. Johnſon complains of Capt. Roſs's illiberal behaviour, in ſuffering ſeveral people to come on board ſince he arrived, and inſult him in the moſt cruel and groſs terms, though a priſoner; and when his brother came to ſee him, after three years abſence, Capt. Roſs would not permit them to talk a minute in private.

If Capt. Roſs has ſecreted his priſoners, is it not worthy the interpoſition of the civil power to compel him to produce them, that no foul play may be offered them, till they have taken their trials?

Capt. Johnſon, of the Yankey privateer, lately taken and brought into the river, is a native of New-England. Previous to the preſent unhappy difference between this country and America, he lived as a merchant, in great repute, at Portſmouth in New Hampſhire. Laſt winter he had the misfortune to have his houſe burnt down at the time when the greateſt part of Portſmouth was deſtroyed by the Swan, and other ſhips of war, at which time he loſt the whole of his property. The reſtraining act taking place, and depriving him from carrying on his trade, he reſolved to go to ſea in a privateer, and accordingly hired the Yankey for that purpoſe.

Within theſe ten days no leſs than three expreſſes have been received by government from General Howe.

The following is an authentic account of what has lately happened between Spain and Portugal.

"In the courſe of laſt year General Vertis, Governor of Buenos Ayres, repeatedly wrote to the Court of Madrid, that the Portugueſe daily encroached upon the rights of the Spaniards, and laid violent hands on thoſe who dared to oppoſe them; but as often as the Spaniſh miniſter complained about it to the Court of Liſbon, he received for anſwer, "That it muſt be ſome party quarrel among the neighbouring inhabitants, and entirely without the leaſt knowledge of the court." The miniſter implicitly was ſatisfied with that anſwer, and wrote to the general that the two courts were in the beſt harmony and friendſhip, and whatever happened between the Spaniſh and Portugueſe ſubjects in that quarter of the world ſhould be adjuſted there, as it did not deſerve the particular notice of theſe courts.

"In the month of November laſt, the General ſent a very alarming letter to the Miniſter, inſiſting that the Portugueſe, whoſe forces increaſed daily, and who continued to commit very daring and outrageous actions, muſt have ſome hoſtile views, and therefore a proper and ſufficient reinforcement was highly neceſſary; upon which the Miniſter complained again to the Court of Liſbon; and as the anſwer did not follow immediately, a reinforcement of three regiments was ſent to Buenos Ayres, with orders to join the land militia there.

"In the month of December, the Portugueſe Ambaſſador at Madrid waited upon the Miniſter there, declaring in his Moſt Faithful Majeſty's name, that he had not the leaſt hoſtile intentions, and that diſpatches had juſt been ſent to all the chief officers in that quarter to reprimand them for their paſt conduct, and to give the ſtricteſt orders to keep their ſoldiers in due diſcipline, aſſuring him at the ſame time that nothing hoſtile ſhould be heard in future.

"The latter end of April the miniſter, to his greateſt aſtoniſhment, received the following intelligence from the above Governor: That on the 17th of March a Portugueſe ſquadron, conſiſting of 12 ſhips of different ſizes, commanded by an Engliſh officer, attacked, near Las Patos, five Spaniſh veſſels, but the wind (which blew very violently) happened to be in favour of the latter, ſo that the former were ſcattered and obliged to retire; however, ſome hundreds were killed and wounded in the engagement; and that the Engliſh officer who had the command, in a fit of diſpair, threw two Engliſh officers (whom he accuſed of cowardice) overboard, and ſhot himſelf through the head. This was immediately ſent to the Court of Liſbon. The anſwer was, that it might have been done previous to the late orders having been received; but it was without the leaſt knowledge of the court. The Court of Madrid, notwithſtanding this anſwer, became ſuſpicious, and orders were given for an armament.

"In the beginning of May, the Court of Madrid received diſpatches that open hoſtilities were commenced by the Portugueſe; that on the 2d of April 30 Portugueſe tranſports, having on board nine regiments and 300 pieces of cannon, commanded by German and Engliſh officers, failed up the river Rio Grande, attacked the fort St. Thecle, which was ſoon delivered up to them; they further advanced and attacked the fort St. Thereſa, (which by this time they are in poſſeſſion of, as alſo of that of Monte Video;) General Vertis, in a hurry, went with the garriſon of Monte Video, and ſome artillery, to oppoſe them, but was defeated; about 400 of his men were killed, and about 100 wounded; and when the diſpatches came away they were marching towards Buenos Ayres.

"Upon this alarming intelligence a general armament was ordered throughout Spain, and ſome of their ſquadrons united with the French, and the matter reſts now thus: the Court of Liſbon ſtill inſiſts that all this was done without their order or knowledge; but as the latter two forts, viz. St. Thereſa and Monte Video, were not taken before the 27th of April, a time when the orders of the Court of Liſbon (which according to the above-mentioned declaration were ſent in the beginning of December laſt) muſt have been received, and conſequently the officers have acted contrary to the royal order, the Court of Madrid inſiſts that theſe offenders ſhall be puniſhed with death, which they richly deſerved at any rate, whether they acted againſt their orders, or whether they acted without the knowledge of the Court of Liſbon; and if this be done, the Court of Madrid will conſider themſelves amply ſatisfied; but if this requeſt is not complied with, the latter will judge, (and which is moſt probable) that it was done with poſitive orders from the former court, and conſequently they will proceed to an open war, in which they will be aſſiſted by the Court of France.

"This is the nature of Don Caſton's (the commander in chief of the united fleet) ambaſſy to the Court of Liſbon. All Europe is anxious to know how this matter will end: and we hear that the Courts of Great-Britain and France have both declared that the requeſt of the Court of Madrid is founded in juſtice and equity, and ſhould be complied with, as a ſatisfaction to the groſsly offended Court of Spain. Mean while both France and Spain are ready to cruſh the treacherous Portugueſe in caſe of non compliance."

The people of Ireland, in the linen trade, have ſuffered very much by the ſtoppage of the importation of flax ſeed from North-America, from whence they uſed to have great quantities; at preſent they, indeed, have ſome from America, but then they receive it by the way of St. Euſtatia and Amſterdam, by which means the price is greatly enhanced, and a loſs ſuffered by the country in the employment of Dutch bottoms in carrying the ſame.

Auguſt 15. Yeſterday Lord Shelburne attended the levee at St. James's for the firſt time for ſeveral years paſt; at the ſame time he took leave of his Majeſty previous to his departure to France.

This week upwards of ſix thouſand letters from New-York, Halifax, and other parts of America, have been received by different people in London, which were brought by the New-York Packet, and tranſports that have arrived ſince Friday.

A gentleman arrived from Cadiz informs us, that three Spaniſh frigates, five tranſports with four regiments of foot, and four victuallers, the day before he left that place, ſailed for the Havannah.

By a private letter from the above place we are informed, that an American privateer had arrived in that bay, with ſome Spaniſh gentlemen on board that had been ſome time at the Congreſs.

A great number of tranſport ſhips, in government ſervice, now lay off Deptford, taking in naval ſtores for the uſe of the fleets in America, which, as faſt as their ladings are compleated, ſail round for Portſmouh to proceed to Halifax.

The Yankey privateer, with her guns and all her ſtores, is ordered to be ſold immediately, that the purchaſe money may be divided among the perſons who took her.

A correſpondent obſerves, that nothing but infatuation could influence Adminiſtration in ſending troops and money to conquer the Americans; ſpecie is what they principally want, and we have ſent them a million of money, which will circulate through that country, and never return to Old England. The moſt effectual way to reduce America is by the exertion of our naval ſtrength, which would deſtroy their trade, keep our navy on a reſpectable footing, ſtrike terror into the natural enemies of Great-Britain, and the money raiſed for equipping our fleets would circulate at home.

On Tueſday afternoon died at his houſe in Groſvenor Place, the Right Hon. Lord Cathcart, one of his Majeſty's moſt Honourable Privy Council, and lately appointed one of the Lords of his Majeſty's bedchamber, in the room of the late Lord Marſham.

Tueſday a ſhip arrived from Quebec, which brings letters dated the 6th of July from thence, and of the 4th from Montreal; they inform us that Gen. Carleton had left 1000 of the foreign troops to garriſon Quebec, and as many at Montreal, and that the main army, conſiſting of 8000 regulars, and 2000 Canadians, with a large body of Indians, making twelve tribes, were getting and aſſembling the veſſels and batteaus as faſt as poſſible upon Lake Champlain, in the neighbourhood of St. John's (in which they had already made great progreſs) towards embarking the army, and proceeding to Crown-Point in purſuit of the rebels, and from thence to enter the province of New-York, &c. Mean while, nothing could exceed the eagerneſs of the Britiſh army in general to come up with the enemy; and ſeveral parties of Indians had already made excurſions through the woods and ſwamps as far as Crown-Point, and ſlain many of the ſcattered Provincials, and were frequently bringing in ſcalps (although againſt Gen. Carleton's orders) nor is it poſſible for him to prevent it effectually, or thoſe ſavages to deſiſt from their cruel practices.—The King's army are in great ſpirits, very healthy, and abound with all ſorts of proviſions.

Copies of the Declaration of War by the Provincials are now in town, and ſaid to be couched in the ſtrongeſt terms—that having now drawn the ſword in defence of all that is dear to them, they are determined never to ſheath it till a full compenſation is made for the cruel oppreſſions they have ſuſtained.

It is ſaid the American provinces have not only declared themſelves independent, but that they have ſent memorials thereof, and of their proceedings, to moſt of the Courts in Europe.

Orders are given to the Commiſſioners of the Navy to take four ſhips into government ſervice, to carry corn and other proviſions to Jamaica and Antigua, all intercourſe with the American Colonies, from which thoſe places were ſupplied, being ſtopped.

The late heavy rains have greatly impeded the harveſt, which, by this time, would otherwiſe have been near over in many parts of the kingdom.

Extract of a letter from our Correſpondent at the Hague, Auguſt 9.

"The differences between Spain and Portugal become daily of more importance; and we now plainly ſee, that the war between Great-Britain and America has a great influence over the above affairs. It is true, that the Court of France pretends to be peaceably inclined; the Court of Spain pretends to be of the ſame inclination; but the whole Spaniſh nation (moſt undoubtedly led on by the Nobles and Grandees) all cry out for a war, inſinuating that whilſt Great-Britain is ſo deeply engaged in a civil war, it will be impoſſible for her to defend Portugal, and conſequently the latter will ſoon be conquered; and if in caſe Great-Britain ſhould attempt to fight for Portugal, the whole continent of America muſt then take part with the Spaniards; ſo that at any rate ſucceſs is almoſt ſure. The Britiſh Miniſter at Madrid openly declared, that his Britannic Majeſty would not leave his allies on account of the preſent civil war, Minorca and Gibraltar being well fortified, and battles by land and ſea ſhould be fought for the Portugueſe, in caſe Spain inſiſted upon a war.

"By the laſt advices from Madrid, dated the 11th ult. they were rather apprehenſive that it would end in an open war. According to theſe advices, an army of 40,000 men were ordered to march towards the Portugueſe territories, commanded by Count Aranda, the Duke of Grillon, and Don Pedro Cevallos; and that the Portugueſe Miniſter was juſt preparing to return to Liſbon when theſe advices came away: About 10,000 men were ordered to embark for Buenos-Ayres, notwithſtanding it being almoſt too late in the ſeaſon for that undertaking; nay, the intelligence from that quarter concerning the inſolent behaviour of the Portugueſe is very alarming.

"On the other hand, we are aſtoniſhed to find the obſtinacy of the Court of Liſbon.

"In ſhort, we may aſſert, that ſeveral Courts of Europe are concerned in the affair; and though this diſpute may appear trifling to many, yet it is the very beginning of a general war, in which many mighty empires may fall, and little ones grow opulent and powerful."

The miniſterial writer, in our paper of Saturday, betrays, ſays a correſpondent, the weakneſs of that cauſe which he eſpouſes, by the chain of falſhoods which run throughout the whole of his paragraph, and whenever an advocate is drove to that wretched reſource, it deſtroys the credit which otherwiſe his aſſertions might gain over our underſtanding. The author aſks, "Whether the Miniſtry are not ſtruggling to ſupport the conſtitutional rights of this country, moſt treacherouſly (he ſays) invaded by thoſe very people who are bound, by a double tie of duty and gratitude, to yield obedience to the legiſlative authority of its parent ſtate?" Our correſpondent denies that this is the object of the diſpute, for no attempt has ever yet been made by the colonies to wound the vitals of our conſtitution; they have ſtooped to a degree of meanneſs in their original endeavours to prevent a rupture; they were ſpurned upon at the bar of the Houſe of Lords, and that nothing might be wanting on the part of adminiſtration to raiſe their indignation, they were proclaimed by the vociferous Sandwich, Denbigh, and other noble Lords, as the moſt deſpicable of the human ſpecies. The Americans, however, did not give way to the firſt tranſport of reſentment; vilified as they were by the moſt ſcurvy reflections, they repeated their attempts, and were as often diſappointed; they relinquiſhed every right, but thoſe which nature beſtows upon them as inhabitants of this terreſtrial globe, in order that government might be furniſhed with no juſt pretence for an open contention; and theſe very rights, it ſeems, muſt be deſerted before the proud-hearted Miniſter will condeſcend to treat with the rebellious Congreſs; whatever claim on the ſcore of "duty" we may be ſaid to have to the Colonies, we cannot be allowed to have any on that of "gratitude;" for it is notorious that in the laſt war we ſqueezed them to a moſt ſhameful and overbearing degree for ſupplies. It is ridiculous in the Miniſter to inſiſt upon that "obedience to the legiſlative authority," which would ſtrip them of every ſpark of title to freedom; if they muſt at laſt be ſlaves, let them preſerve their liberty to the laſt hour of their ſtrength, and thoſe who fall in ſupporting the noble oppoſition to an arbitrary ſett of unprincipled Miniſters, will die "glorious in their juſt defence."—The queſtion, "for whom are the Miniſtry contending?" is eaſily anſwered, and muſt appear obvious to every moderate man. Their view in this unnatural war was to enrich themſelves;—they conſidered a conqueſt as the immediate conſequence of the firſt ſpirited reſolve. The honour of a Nobleman was pledged for ſucceſs. The noble Libertine undertook that the

Americans would ſhrink from the Britiſh arms; but how dreadful is the miſtake. Colonel Grant, in the Lower Houſe, gave life to the majority there—this military hero talked of driving all before him with the ſmall corps of five hundred diſciplined troops; fired with theſe vain hopes, adminiſtration had drawn a participation of the whole continent of America among themſelves and their dependents. The weatherbeaten Counſellor had prepared the proper legal forms for the trials of the Congreſs, and every thing went on ſwimmingly for ſome time, till ſome diſagreeable diſpatches awaked them from their golden dream. Then it was that the "pride and obſtinacy" which they charge to the Congreſs diſplayed themſelves; on every future proceeding Miniſtry ſaw their deluſion, but are to this moment aſhamed to acknowledge it; they will rather riſque the deſtruction of the empire, than act ſo generous a part. Such are the delicate feelings of theſe men for their own honour, that the honour of a nation muſt not be put in competition with it; but theſe notions of honour cannot be defended upon the ground of a private difference, much leſs upon ſo extenſive a conſideration as that before us, wherein a kingdom is ſo materially concerned. A man of *real* honour thinks it no degradation to retract his opinion, when it is clearly pointed out to him (and by experience too) that he is glaringly wrong; though a miniſter, adds our correſpondent, may be of a different mould from the reſt of mankind, for it is evident his ideas differ upon the moſt common topics. Enough has been advanced by more able pens, to prove that it cannot be for the intereſt of this country to *compel* the Americans to comply with the requiſitions of the preſent parliament; therefore our correſpondent will decline entering ſo wide a field of argument.—He will only add, that ſo far from "the annals of this country being hereafter diſgraced" by telling poſterity that miniſtry at length acknowledged *their* error, the page of hiſtory cannot contain information that will reflect more honour upon themſelves, or give more ſatisfaction to the beneficent reader.

Briſtol, July 31. The duty on rum imported here in the courſe of laſt month, exceeded 22,000l.

From the PUBLIC LEDGER, of Auguſt 9.

To the PRINTER.

SIR,

THE arrival of Mr. St. Paul from the Court of Verſailles was unexpected at this critical juncture.—You may aſſure the public, that he is charged with diſpatches from Lord Stormont, the delivery of which will much embarraſs adminiſtration.

Mr. St. Paul is a man of vigilance. He poſſeſſes that kind of penetration, which renders it a very difficult matter to deceive him. During the abſence of Lord Stormont he watched the motions of the Court of France with ſuch ſucceſs, that he traced the duplicity of that court through all its different windings. He perceived that France intended ſecretly to afford America that aſſiſtance which ſhe openly diſavowed. He detected the agents of the cabinet in the very act of affording ſuccours to the colonies, and of giving every aſſurance of protection to the American leaders. Intelligence of this was communicated to Lord Stormont whilſt his Lordſhip was in England. He was diſpatched in haſte to Verſailles, with inſtructions to remonſtrate, in ſpirited terms, on the inſult thus offered to the Court of London. Lord Stormont obeyed his inſtructions. He preſſed for a categorical anſwer. The reply was couched in the moſt ambiguous terms. The affair was dropped. The Court of Verſailles was more narrowly watched than ever.—Enough was diſcovered to convince Lord Stormont of the intentions of that court. Mr. St. Paul is now ſent over to aſſure our Miniſtry of the reſolution of the cabinet of Verſailles, which is ſimply this: That if the declaration of the Congreſs, ſetting forth the independency of America, ſhall be generally reliſhed by the people throughout the different colonies, then France, in conjunction with Spain, will hazard a ruptnre with Great-Britain, by openly aſſiſting the coloniſts, on terms highly advantageous to the commerce of France and Spain.

I do not pretend to ſpecify every particular. But this, I will venture to affirm is the ſubſtance of that intelligence which Mr. St. Paul is ſent over to communicate to adminiſtration. The public will from hence perceive, that it is entire madneſs to place any reliance on the pacific aſſurances of France and Spain. They will not wantonly plunge into war. But no perſon can expect that they will forego national advantages, out of compliment to the Engliſh Miniſtry. The idea is chimerical. Mr. St. Paul hath by this time told adminiſtration thus much. The public have only to expect what hath been repeatedly foretold; that the rupture with our colonies will end in the loſs of America, and a war with France and Spain. If theſe are eligible events, the people are very right in ſupporting thoſe plans which muſt produce them. If the loſs of America (which implies the total ruin of our commerce) is not a thing to be deſired, then are the people blind to their own intereſts, in not ceaſing to protect miniſters who have long ceaſed to pay any regard to the commercial welfare of their country.

MATTER OF FACT.

WILLIAMSBURG, October 25.

By a gentleman from Fort Pitt we learn, that eleven ſettlers at the mouth of Wheeling, about 50 miles below that poſt, were killed by the Taawahs, Wyondots, Mingoes, and other diſaffected Indians, on the 9th of this inſtant.

Since our laſt three veſſels have arrived from different parts, one of them with a conſiderable quantity of European goods.

PHILADELPHIA, November 6.

By authentic intelligence, from on board the laſt fleet from England, we are aſſured, that of the ſix thouſand foreign troops in that fleet, one fourth part at leaſt were either dead or greatly afflicted with the black ſcurvy.

A copy of one of the letters lately loſt by an expreſs having been forwarded to Congreſs from Head-Quarters, the following is an extract from ſaid copy. Publiſhed by authority of Congreſs. *October* 25, 1776.

"The ſituation of the enemy's army remains nearly the ſame as on the 21ſt inſt. it differs in nothing, unleſs it is that their main body is more collected about New Rochelle. On Monday night a detachment of our men, under the command of Col. Hazlet, was ſent out to ſurprize and cut off Major Rogers if poſſible with his regiment, which was poſted there. By ſome accident the expedition did not ſucceed as well as could have been wiſhed: however, our advanced party, led on by Major Green of the firſt Virginia regiment, fell in with their out guard and brought off 36 priſoners, 60 muſkets, and ſome blankets. The number killed is not certainly known, but it is reported by an officer who was there, that he counted about 25. Our loſs is two killed and 10 or 12 wounded. On Wedneſday there was alſo a ſmall ſkirmiſh between a party of Col. Hand's riflemen, about 240, and nearly the ſame number of Heſſian Chaſſeurs, in which the latter were put to the rout. Our men buried ten of them on the field, and took two priſoners, one badly wounded. We ſuſtained no other loſs than having one lad wounded, ſuppoſed mortally.

Publiſhed by order of Congreſs,
CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.

Extract of a letter from White Plains, October 28.

"This morning information was received that the enemy appeared to be preparing for a general attack, and were advancing faſt; proper preparations were made to receive them, and very ſoon the ball was opened with field pieces on both ſides. The enemy attacked our right wing, who defended themſelves nobly. At the ſame time, a party of light-horſe filed off towards our center; a ſhot from one of our cannon forced them to wheel to the right about and retreat; it is ſaid this ſhot unhorſed two of them. About one o'clock one of the horſe was brought in; his rider was killed; fighting ſtill continues; it is now 3 o'clock P. M. to-morrow I think will be the important day; no accounts can yet be given of the loſs on either ſide. Our men are the moſt expert in the world at making breaſt-works; in an hour or two they made an amazingly long ſtone fence and covered it properly with earth.

"The ſkirmiſh you mention was on Monday; we then took 36 tories, who had inliſted with Major Rogers.

"Yeſterday we took 20 Waldeckers and regulars, 7 of the latter. Yeſterday too the enemy attacked our lines at Haerlem and Mount Waſhington at the ſame time, with two ſhips; they were repulſed in both places. This morning 45 tories, and ſome regular priſoners, paſſed through here, on their way to Fiſhkiln.

"Colonel Smallwood, of Maryland, is this moment come wounded to the houſe where I am. He is wounded in the arm and hip, but rode here on horſeback, and can walk tolerably well."

Extract of a letter from London, dated July 20.

"The Miniſtry ſeem ſo confident of reducing the Colonies with the formidable force which they have ſent for that purpoſe, that they are already employed in deviſing means for keeping them in ſubjection after they have ſubdued them. Lately there was preſented to the King a project for that purpoſe which his Majeſty approved of. The propoſal is to keep up 10,000 troops, of which two ſhall be battalions of artillery, and two of light dragoons; and to eſtabliſh on the continent two Biſhopricks, the titles of which ſhall be, the Protectors of the Engliſh church.—Such are the brilliant chimæras which are ſpread by the miniſterial party, and which the oppoſite party are labouring to deſtroy, by publiſhing to the world that the colonies combating for liberty will not yield but to force; that the force already ſent out by the mother country, which at preſent appears irreſiſtable, will ſoon be reduced to nothing; if the firſt conſequences of it ſhould not equal the expectations of adminiſtration.—Diſſatisfaction will ſoon ſucceed and diffuſe itſelf through all ranks of people, already much fatigued with civil inteſtine war; that in this caſe the conſequences muſt neceſſarily be very fatal to England, eſpecially if ſtrangers, taking advantage of theſe diſſentions, and in ſupport of America, ſhould attack the moſt remote Engliſh ſettlements, and occaſion a diverſion which will greatly weaken the power of Great-Britain.

"It appears plainly already that the formidable armaments which they are fitting out in the ports of France and Spain, have no other object but war; that we may be convinced of this by the evaſive anſwers given to our Ambaſſadors at the Courts of Verſailles and Madrid, as we have them from their repretentations on that ſubject, that the diſtinguiſhed marks of reſpect with which they have received the Deputies of Congreſs in theſe two Courts, does not leave the leaſt doubt that a treaty has been already formed between them and the Americans, the effects of which in all probability will be felt as ſoon as Independence ſhall be declared, a period which cannot be at a great diſtance, ſince the reſolutions ſent to the General Congreſs by every of the United States to that effect are already public. It is by theſe means that oppoſition ſeeks to weaken the ſpecious reaſonings which government employs, to warn the people of the melancholy conſequences of the war, information which already begins to alarm the nation."

DIED on Monday ſe'nnight, in the 59th year of his age, the Hon. WILLIAM LOGAN, Eſq; many years member of the Governor's Council, and of the City Corporation.—On Wedneſday his remains were attended to the Friends Burial-ground by the late Governor and Council, the members of the Corporation, and a great number of other reſpectable inhabitants.

The Committee of the County of Burlington are to meet at the houſe of Joſeph Haight, innholder, in the city of Burlington, on Monday the 18th inſtant, at ten o'clock in the morning; at which time, the diſtrainers for the taxes and fines in the ſeveral townſhips of ſaid county are to attend, and pay the ballance of their accounts, or they will be proceeded againſt for a neglect of duty. *By order of Committee,*
PETER TALMAN, Chairman.

IN CONGRESS, *October* 29, 1776.

Reſolved, That no private ſhips or veſſels of war, merchant ſhips, and other veſſels belonging to the ſubjects of theſe States, be permitted to wear pendants when in company with Continental ſhips or veſſels of war, without leave from the commanding officer thereof.

That if any merchant ſhip or veſſel ſhall wear pendants in company with Continental ſhips or veſſels of war without leave firſt obtained from the commander thereof, ſuch commander be authoriſed to take away the pendants from the offenders.

That if private ſhips or veſſels of war refuſe to pay the reſpect due to the Continental ſhips or veſſels of war, the Captain or commander ſo refuſing ſhall loſe his commiſſion.

OCTOBER 30.

Reſolved, That the rank of officers of marines be the ſame as officers of ſimilar commiſſions in the land ſervice.

That the commanders, officers, ſeamen and marines, in the Continental navy, be entitled to one half of merchantmen, tranſports and ſtore-ſhips, by them taken, from and after the firſt day of November, 1776, to be divided amongſt them in the ſhares and proportions fixed by former reſolutions of Congreſs.

That the commanders, officers, ſeamen and marines, in the Continental navy, be entitled to the whole value of all ſhips and veſſels of war, belonging to the crown of Great-Britain, by them made prize of, and all privateers authoriſed by his Britannic Majeſty to war againſt theſe ſtates, to be divided as aforeſaid.

By Order of Congreſs,
JOHN HANCOCK, *Preſident.*

IN CONGRESS, *October* 31, 1776.

Whereas it is repreſented to Congreſs, that ſundry inhabitants of theſe United States, to keep ſupplies from the army, or promote their own intereſt, have purchaſed conſiderable quantities of CLOATHING, and refuſe to diſpoſe of the ſame, unleſs upon extravagant or unreaſonable terms.

Reſolved, That it be recommended to the Aſſemblies, Conventions, Councils or Committees of Safety of the ſeveral States, forthwith to take ſuitable meaſures for obtaining for the uſe of the army ſuch neceſſary articles as, being thus engroſſed in their reſpective States, cannot be otherwiſe immediately procured, allowing to the owners reaſonable prices for the ſame; and that laws be provided, in each of the States, for effectually preventing MONOPOLIES of NECESSARIES for the army or inhabitants of the ſame.

Extract from the Minutes,
CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.

In COUNCIL *of* SAFETY, *Philadelphia, November* 4, 1776.

Reſolved, That the appointment of Captains and Subalterns of the eleventh Pennſylvania battalion of foot, to be commanded by Col. Richard Humpton, be deferred to Monday next, the 11th inſtant.

Extract from the Minutes,
JACOB S. HOWELL, Secretary.

Philadelphia, November 6, 1776.

THE CONTRIBUTORS to the PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL are deſired to attend at the ſaid Hoſpital, at two o'clock this afternoon, to authorize the MANAGERS to convey to the PURCHASERS, a LOT of GROUND in the Northern Liberties of this city, near Germantown.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Time of a ſtout healthy Iriſh SERVANT Man, who has above two Years to ſerve; he underſtands the Farming-Buſineſs very well, and taking Care of Horſes; ſays he drove a Carriage in Ireland. Enquire of *Samuel Landers*, in Ridley, Cheſter County; *John Roberts*, Taylor, in Elbow-Lane, Philadelphia; or at the Work-houſe in the ſaid City. †

Will be ſold in lots, by public ſale, on the premiſes, on Fourth-day, the 20th of this inſtant November,

SEVENTY-TWO ACRES of valuable MARSH, lying in the county of Glouceſter, on Repaupa, fronting Delaware river, and about 15 miles from Philadelphia; it is ſufficiently banked, and water-works ſufficient to enable the purchaſer, with a little expence, to put the ſoil in good graſs the enſuing ſummer. The conditions to be made known at the time and place of ſale, by JAMES COOPER, MARMADUKE COOPER, and EDWARD GIBBS. §

Philadelphia, November 5, 1776.

WANTED

TO PURCHASE a young NEGROE MAN, who is honeſt, ſober and induſtrious; the buyer is willing to allow the ſlave a certain ſum of the purchaſe-money yearly towards his freedom: If a maſter has ſuch a ſlave, and likes to ſee him free without loſs on his ſide, may enquire for the purchaſer of the PRINTERS hereof. §

To be SOLD by public Vendue, the 21ſt of this inſtant November, at the late dwelling-houſe of George Kaſtner, of the townſhip of Whitpain, in the county of Philadelphia, about 15 miles from the city.

A PLANTATION, containing about 200 acres of land, with a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, barn and ſpring-houſe, and a never failing ſpring therein, about 22 acres of meadow, moſt of which may be well watered, two good bearing orchards, and a ſufficient quantity of well timbered land. Another tract, ſituate in the ſame townſhip, containing about 80 acres of good woodland, to be ſold together or in lots, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſer or purchaſers. One other ſmall lot, ſituate in the townſhip of Whitemarſh, containing one acre of ground, with a dwelling-houſe thereon, and a good ſpring. The three above deſcribed tracts of land are adjoining the Skippack road. There will alſo be ſold at the ſame time, a quantity of good hay, oats in the ſtraw, corn in the ground, a winnowing-mill, a weaver's loom and gears, houſhold and kitchen furniture, and many other things. At which time and place the terms of ſale will be made known, by GEORGE NICE, and JOHN EVANS, Executors.

☞ Any perſon inclining to view either of the ſaid tracts of land before the day of ſale, may apply to Philip Richardſon, or Levi Trump, on and near the premiſes. §

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in East-Whiteland, Cheſter county, ſome time in June laſt, two HEIFERS, one red, the other white and red. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away. RICHARD RICHISON. ¶

WANTED as an Apprentice to the Stay and Mantua-making Buſineſs, a Girl of about 12 or 13 Years of Age, that can ſew well; none need apply without being well recommended. Enquire of the PRINTERS. §

TAKEN up, about two weeks ago, a BAY MARE, between 14 and 15 hands high, paces and trots, no ſhoes on. The owner, by applying to ISAAC LORT, in Strawberry-alley, proving his property, and paying charges, may have her again. *November* 5, 1776.

TAKEN up the 18th of October laſt, a bright BAY MARE COLT, has a bald face, never ſhod nor docked, her hind feet white. The owner, by applying to ISAAC LORT, in Strawberry-alley, proving his property, and paying charges, may have her again.

Freehold, November 5, 1776.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, the 22d of October laſt, a Negroe man, named Tone, *of a yellow colour, about* 5 *feet* 9 *inches high, thick head of hair, one ankle thicker than the other, well ſet in his make, ſpeaks ſlow, about* 30 *years of age; had on, when he went away, an old bearſkin ſurtout coat, a yellow thickſet ditto, and red pluſh waiſtcoat; together with ſundry other clothes, which he carried off with him. Alſo a Negroe man, named* Ned, *who broke goal the firſt of September; about* 16 *years of age, of a yellow colour, well ſet, a lively good looking fellow; had on, when he went away, hom-ſpun grey jacket, trowſers and ſhirt, &c. Whoever takes up either of the above Negroes, and delivers them, or either of them to me, the ſubſcriber, or in any goal, where he or they may be ſecured, ſhall have the above reward for each of them, and all reaſonable charges.* WILLIAM WIKOFF. 4*W*.

Head of Elk, October 30, 1776.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the ſubſcriber, on Sunday, the 27th inſtant, a light BAY MARE, about 14 *hands high,* 5 *years old, trots and gallops, ſhod before, big with foal, has neither brand or ear-mark. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, and ſecures her, ſo that the owner may get her again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and for the mare and thief, if ſtolen, the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* §
ABRAHAM BROOM.

STRAYED or STOLEN, on Wedneſday, the 30th of October, from the Commons, a very large red COW, with a white face, a white ſtreak along her back, and white under the belly; had a ſmall twiſted red rag in one of her ears. Whoever brings the ſaid Cow to ARCHIBALD M'CALL, in Second-ſtreet, near the New-market, ſhall have *Twenty Shillings* reward.

FIFTY POUNDS Reward.

WAS taken out of the Subſcriber's Store, at the Warm Springs, in Virginia, on the 18th of September laſt, a large parcel of Paper Money, and about Thirty Pounds in Gold and Silver; it is ſuppoſed the above money was ſtolen by *Robert Armſtrong*, who was a Clerk in the ſaid Store, he is about 5 feet 3 inches high, about 24 years of age. Whoever apprehends the thief, and ſecures the money, ſo as the owner gets it again, ſhall receive the above reward, paid by

JAMES ELLIOT.

the ſhip exceeds all deſcription. Without doubt ſhe loſt a great number of men. She was towed off by four boats ſent from the other ſhips to her aſſiſtance. She ſlipt her cable, and left her anchor. Had the tide run flood one half hour longer, we ſhould have ſunk her. At the ſame time the fire from the ſhips began, the enemy brought up their field-pieces, and made a diſpoſition to attack the lines. But Colonel Magaw had ſo happily diſpoſed and arranged his men, as to put them out of conceit of that manœuvre. A cannonade and fire with ſmall-arms continued almoſt all day, with very little intermiſſion. We loſt one man only. Several of the enemy were killed, two or three our people took and brought off the field, and ſeveral more were left there. The firing ceaſed laſt evening, and has not been renewed this morning. The troops (of our army) are in good ſpirits, and in every engagement, ſince the retreat from New-York, have given the enemy a drubbing.

Publiſhed by order of Congreſs, 31ſt of. Oct.

CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.

In COUNCIL *of* SAFETY, *Philadelphia*, *October* 31, 1776.

Complaint having been made to this Council, by Chriſtopher Elliot, that *John Baldwin* of this city, Cordwainer, had refuſed to receive in payment the Continental Bills of Credit iſſued by order of Congreſs. Thereupon the ſaid John Baldwin was ordered to appear before this Board, and being informed of ſaid complaint, did acknowledge that he had refuſed to receive the ſaid Bills of Credit in payment. The Council urged the pernicious and deſtructive tendency of ſuch conduct, and requeſted him to conſider it, allowing him ſeveral days to form his judgment and fix his final reſolution. This day, agreeable to notice given him, he again appeared before the Council, and declared that he was determined not to receive the ſaid Bills in payment, whereupon *Reſolved*, that the ſaid John Baldwin is an "Enemy to his "Country, and precluded from all Trade and Inter-"courſe with the Inhabitants of theſe States."

Reſolved, That the ſaid John Baldwin be committed to goal, there to remain without bail or mainprize until he ſhall be releaſed by order of this Council, or ſome other power lawfully authoriſed ſo to do.

Ordered, That the proceedings in John Baldwin's caſe be made public.

Extract from the Minutes,

JACOB S. HOWELL, Secretary.

Philadelphia, *November* 2, 1776.

FRANCIS WADE,

WHOSE abſence for ſome time paſt obliged him to ſhut up his Brewery, thinks it neceſſary to give this public notice to his former cuſtomers, and others that are diſpoſed to make trial of his BEER, that he has began to brew for the ſeaſon, and has now ready to turn out the different kinds of Beer, as uſual, equal in quality to any in this city. The higheſt prices will be given, by ſaid WADE, for good clean winter or ſpring Barley and Malt. †

To be SOLD by public vendue, on the 23d day of this inſtant November, at the late dwelling-houſe of George Moyer, deceaſed, in Providence townſhip, Philadelphia county, about two miles from the Trap,

THE PLANTATION whereon the ſaid Moyer lived, containing 133 acres; the dwelling-houſe part built of ſtone, and part with ſquare logs, a good barn built with ſtone the height of the ſtables, and frame above; there are about 14 acres of meadow made, and the greateſt part thereof may be watered, and more may be made, a never-failing ſpring of water near the houſe, and water in every field, above one third part of the land well timbered; there is on ſaid place ſeveral hundred good bearing apple trees, alſo good bearing peach and pear trees, about 28 miles from Philadelphia. Alſo one other plantation, ſituate in Limerick, in the ſaid county, about 30 miles from Philadelphia, containing 100 acres, ſomething more than half cleared, about 6 or 7 acres of meadow, log-houſe and barn, a good ſpring of water. The title and terms of payment will be made known on the day of ſale. At the ſame time and place will be ſold, feather beds and bedding, a number of German books, a waggon, a Dutch fan, with a variety of implements of huſbandry and houſhold goods. Attendance will be given by

PHILIP MOYER, Executor,

N. B. The ſale to begin at 10 o'clock on ſaid day. ¶

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber, living in the townſhip of Ridley,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, containing 163 acres, one half well timbered, the other part cleared, and produces good grain and paſture, about 15 acres of good watered meadow, a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, and kitchen adjoining; there are on ſaid premiſes an excellent orchard, and a number of good ſprings, one of which is near the door. The abovementioned plantation is within two miles and an half of Cheſter, and 12 and an half of Philadelphia. For further particulars, enquire of JOSEPH PRITCHARD, living on the premiſes. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE Tract of Land, containing 120 acres and allowance, ſituate at the mouth of Little Conawago Creek, in York county, about 9 miles from York town, well timbered and watered, about 20 acres of land and ſome meadow lately cleared, and ſeveral acres of meadow may be made and watered; there is a ſtone dwelling-houſe and a good griſt mill, with three pair of ſtones, and ſaw mill built on it, all new. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe ſaid premiſes, may know the terms, by applying to SAMUEL UPDEGRAFF, *in ſaid town.* †

THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward,

BROKE out or ſtolen from the White Horſe tavern, between Philadelphia and Cheſter, the firſt of 11th month, 1776, a black MARE, about 9 years old, about 14 or 15 hands high, natural pacer, with ſome white hairs growing out at the root of her tail, newly ſhod before. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, ſo as the owner may have her again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by DAVID MOORE, living in Londongrove townſhip, Cheſter county, near William Miller's mill. ¶

Leacock Townſhip, Lancaſter County, October 22, 1776.

To be SOLD by the ſubſcriber, at public Vendue, on the 20th of November next,

A VALUABLE MERCHANT-MILL, in which are 3 pair of ſtones, 3 boulting-cloths, hoiſting gears, and all the other works thereunto belonging in good order, and lately repaired. Alſo a Fulling-mill and Saw-mill, both fit for preſent buſineſs, and in good repair. The whole ſupplied with a conſtant ſtream of water, and ſuitable in every reſpect for both profit and pleaſure, and commodiouſly ſituated in a part of the country calculated every way for the diſpatch of immediate buſineſs. The purchaſer may likewiſe be ſupplied with a tract of land adjoining the premiſes, whereon are plowland, meadow and woodland. An indiſputable title can be given for the whole. The vendue to begin at 11 o'clock ſaid day, when all the terms of ſale will be made known, and attendance given, by

‡ JACOB FERREE.

THE TRUSTEES of the SOCIETY for promoting Learning amongſt the Baptiſt Churches, are deſired to meet, at the Baptiſt Meeting-Houſe, in Philadelphia, on Wedneſday, the 13th Day of November next, at Two o' Clock in the Afternoon, to conſider of ſome Matters of Importance.

October 28, 1776. § WILLIAM BALL, Clerk.

TO BE SOLD,

A NEGROE WOMAN, 26 years of age; ſhe can do all ſorts of out door work, and can ſpin and knit, and is very handy in kitchen work. For further particulars and conditions, enquire of GEORGE HINKLE, in Hinkle-town, Earl townſhip, Lancaſter county. §

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, containing 100 and odd acres of LAND, near 50 acres cleared, the remainder well wooded; there are ſix acres of meadow and more may be made; great part of the plowland has been limed; on which are erected a dwelling-houſe, a barn, a milk-houſe, over a conſtant ſpring of water, and a well of good water, having a pump in it, near the door, a young orchard, &c. alſo a griſt and merchant-mill, with two pair of ſtones, one pair of good French burrs, 3 boulting cloths, and hoiſt jack, all which go by water; ſituate in Abington townſhip, 13 miles from Philadelphia. Any perſon inclining to view or treat for the premiſes may apply to

¶ ROBERT PAUL.

N. B. The indentures of a Dutch Servant Man, who has near five years to ſerve, to be diſpoſed of. Enquire as above.

RUN away from Speedwell Forge, Lancaſter county, on Wedneſday, the fourth of September laſt, an Engliſh indented ſervant lad, named *John Norman*, a thick well ſet fellow, 5 feet high, dark complexion; had on a beaver hat, brown hunting ſhirt, and tow trowſers; he worked in the Forge for ſome time, and is a very good half bloomer. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any goal in this province, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS reward, paid by HENRY GOOD, at the Forge, or JAMES OLD, at Reading Furnace ‖ 8 W.

To be SOLD by the ſubſcriber, living in Benſalem townſhip, Bucks county, about 3 miles from Neſhaminy ferry,

A LIKELY, ſtrong, healthy NEGROE MAN, about 21 years of age, this country born, has had the ſmall-pox and meaſles, has been bred to farming, which he underſtands well, but rather inclines to take care of horſes, and wait on a gentleman, or to drive a team. JOHN SWIFT.

STRAYED or STOLEN, on the 9th of October laſt, out of the paſture of John Croſen, in Warminſter townſhip, Bucks county, a rediſh roan STALLION, with a bald face, mixed with red ſpots in the face, about ſix years old, and about 15½ hands high, a natural trotter, and canters well. Whoever delivers the thief and horſe to the owner, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS reward, or for the horſe only THREE POUNDS, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN CROSEN. ¶

RUN away about two weeks ago, from Oley Forge, in the county of Berks, from John Leſher, a thick, middle-ſized NEGROE man, named JOE, aged about 40 years; he has heretofore run away, and been in the goals of Lancaſter and Cheſter counties, and ſold out for coſts. All perſons are hereby forbid to harbour the ſaid runaway, and whoever ſecures the ſaid Negroe, and reſtores him to the ſaid JOHN LESHER, or informs him, or Mr. JACOB MORGAN, of the city of Philadelphia, Merchant, where the ſaid Negroe is ſecured, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward. *October* 11, 1776. ¶

Warminſter, Bucks County, October 10, 1776.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, on the 20th of September laſt, an indented ſervant, named ISRAEL JENKINS, 16 years of age, but rather ſmall, country born, has ſhort dark brown hair, and has loſt a joint off the fore-finger of his right hand; had on a brown fulled lincey coat, ſtriped jacket, neats leather ſhoes, a felt hat, and white hunting ſhirt. Whoever brings ſaid ſervant to his maſter, or ſecures him ſo that he may be had again, ſhall receive a reward of FORTY SHILLINGS, and all reaſonable charges, paid by JOSEPH HART.

Tenth-Month 10, 1776.

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

STRAYED or STOLEN, laſt night, out of the ſubſcriber's paſture, living in Cheltenham townſhip, Philadelphia county, two BAY HORSES, one about 15 years old, has a ſtar in his forehead, black mane and tail, paces ſwift, and trots well, near 15 hands high, neither brand nor ear-mark.---- The other about 8 years old, branded on each quarter with the figure 3, has a black mane and tail, paces and trots, about 15 hands high. Whoever ſecures ſaid horſes, ſo that the owner may have them again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ISAAC CLEAVER. ¶

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

MADE his eſcape from the goal of the county of New-Caſtle, a Negroe man, named CUFF DIX, belonging to Mark Bird, and by him adverтiſed in the Pennſylvania Journal the 14th of Auguſt laſt; he is an active, well-made fellow, and a good hammerman, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, fond of liquor, and ſtammers a little in his ſpeech; there is an iron ring in one of his ears; he had on a light coloured jacket, and tow ſhirt and trowſers. He has frequently run away from his maſter, and often confined in the ſeveral goals of the province; as he is an artful fellow, the perſon apprehending him is deſired to take particular care of him; he has often denied his name, and pretends to be a freeman. Whoever ſecures him, ſo that he may be had again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges. *October* 11, 1776. † THOMAS CLARK, Goaler.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN, on the eighth of October laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Sadſbury townſhip, Cheſter county, a dark bay MARE, 4 years old laſt ſpring, 14 hands 3 inches high, a ſmall ſtar, black mane and tail, a natural trotter, well made, a remarkable running in the root of her near ear, carries her head well, ſome white on one of her hind feet. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid mare and thief, that the owner may get the mare, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, or Eight Dollars for the mare only, paid by JAMES M'CLELLAN. ¶

To be SOLD by way of public VENDUE, on the 25th day of November next,

A VALUABLE plantation, ſituated in Eaſt-Fallowfield townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 185 acres, with convenient buildings thereon; the meadow ground and upland good for graſs and grain, all under good repair; the whole well wooded and watered, being on a beautiful ſituation, healthful and fertile part of the country, handy and convenient to mill, meeting and market; lately part of the eſtate of Daviſon Filſon, deceaſed, and to be ſold by ROBERT FILSON, and WILLIAM GRANT, Executors. *October* 24, 1776.

N. B. On ſaid day will be ſold a variety of goods; and any perſon, or perſons, inclining to view ſaid land, or lands adjoining thereto, may know the terms of ſale before the vendue begins, which will be at ten o' clock ſaid day. All perſons indebted to the eſtate of ſaid deceaſed, either by note, bill, bond, or book-debt, are deſired to come and ſettle their reſpective accounts. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

THE Time of a healthy SERVANT BOY, who has been at the tanning Buſineſs, and has between 5 and 6 Years to ſerve. Enquire of the PRINTERS. ¶

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, on the premiſes, the third day of December next,

A GOOD plantation or tract of LAND, containing 203 acres, ſituate in Coventry townſhip, Cheſter county, about two miles from Pottſgrove, with a good large ſtone-dwelling-houſe, and a good cellar under the ſame, and a good large ſtone barn and ſtables, ſpring and ſpring-houſe, and other out-houſes; about one half of the land is well timbered, and the other is good corn land; about 15 acres of the beſt watered meadow; a good orchard, with good apple-trees, and about 30 acres of wheat and rye in the ground; all in good fence and repair. The ſale to begin the ſame day, on the premiſes, between the hours of twelve and one of the clock. The conditions to be ſeen at the time and place of ſale, by JOHN BOUGH, and PETER CRUMBACKER, Executors. ‖ 6 W,

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Part of Philadelphia, Pennſylvania, ſſ. } To all whom it may concern.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Court of Admiralty will be held at the State-houſe, in the city of Philadelphia, on Monday, the 11th day of November inſt. at ten o' clock in the forenoon of the ſame day, then and there to try the truth of the facts alledged in the bill of Wingate Newman (who, as well, &c.) againſt the brigantine, or veſſel, called the Sherburne, lately commanded by Jonathan Bunnell, burthen about 75 tons; together with her tackle, apparel, furniture and cargoe. To the end and intent that the owner or owners therof, or any perſons concerned therein, may appear and ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why the ſame ſhould not be condemned according to the prayer of the ſaid bill. *By order of the Judge*,

¶ ANDREW ROBESON, Regiſter.

To be ſold by public Vendue, on the 7th day of November inſt.

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, pleaſantly ſituated in the Great Valley, about 20 miles from Philadelphia, in the townſhip of Tredyffrin, and county of Cheſter, containing 200 acres, about 90 acres cleared, the remainder well timbered, 12 acres of pretty good meadow, and more may be made; the whole may be watered by ſeveral ſprings; on the premiſes are a good dwelling houſe, with 3 rooms on a floor, and cellar under, with an excellent ſpring of good water and ſpring-houſe near the door, a joyner's ſhop, barn, and ſtables, a good young bearing orchard, of 140 trees, of good fruit, and ſome of them graſted, with other fruit trees, and a good lime-kiln partly new, alſo a fine lime-ſtone quarry. There is likewiſe on ſaid plantation a ſmall tenement, with a good ſpring cloſe by, and a parcel of good bearing apple-trees. The ſaid premiſes are handy to mills and places of worſhip. For terms of ſale, apply to the owners, who will give an indiſputable title, and poſſeſſion next ſpring.

¶ DAVID and SAMUEL JOHN.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 18th day of November inſtant, at the late dwelling-houſe of Abraham Luken, in Towamenſing townſhip, in the county of Philadelphia, deceaſed,

THE ſaid Deceaſed's plantation, containing 200 acres of land and allowance, about one half thereof cleared, the other part well timbered, near 20 acres of meadow are made, and more may be made; there is on ſaid place a good two ſtory ſtone houſe and ſtone kitchen, a good frame barn and ſtabling, a good laſting ſpring of water near ſaid houſe, a good bearing orchard, the whole being in good repair; the title indiſputable.----- There will likewiſe be ſold 15 acres of land, adjoining the above, all within fence. Likewiſe will be ſold at the ſame time, 230 acres of land and allowance, ſituate in Cumberland county, near the river Juniata. The whole will be ſold by order of the ſaid Deceaſed's laſt will and teſtament. The conditions thereof will be made known at the day aboveſaid, by ELIZABETH LUKEN, JOHN LUKEN, MATTHIAS LUKEN, Execut. ¶

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC SALE,

On the PREMISES, on SATURDAY, the ſixteenth day of NOVEMBER inſt.

THAT well accuſtomed TAVERN on the Lancaſter road, at the ſign of Admiral Warren, 23 miles from Philadelphia, with 240 acres of land, 25 acres of which are meadow, watered by two conſtant ſtreams, and more to be made from a never failing ſpring. There are on the premiſes a good convenient ſtone houſe, a large ſtone barn lately built, with the beſt conveniencies for ſtabling on ſaid road, good ſheds and other offices. It is ſituated in the Great Valley, where the land is eſteemed of the beſt quality, and conſtantly to be improved by lime-ſtone, with which it abounds. It lays very convenient, and the ſituation healthy and pleaſant for the gentleman farmer, who might chuſe to divide the farm or ſeparate it from the tavern. Credit will be given for the greateſt part of the purchaſe monies. For particulars, enquire of JOHN LARDNER, in Third-ſtreet.

RUN from the ſubſcriber, living in Lower Alloway's Creek townſhip, Salem county, New-Jerſey, on the firſt of September ult. a ſervant lad, named *Charles Hollingſworth*, about 15 years of age, of low ſize, but middling thick; had on, and took with him, a blue duffil jacket, without ſleeves, a tow ſhirt and trowſers, the ſhirt patched on the ſhoulders with brown tow cloth; had an old wool hat on, light brown hair, pale complexion, with freckled ſkin. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have SIX DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

§ WILLIAM DRAKE.

WANTED,

A HAND that underſtands the Fulling Buſineſs, that can dye a variety of good colours, ſuch as blue, red, green, brown, wineſtone, lead, black, white, and divers other colours, as the quality of the cloth may require; and can dreſs worſteds, tammies, camblets, and dye them ſuch colours as the quality of thin ſtuffs may require. A perſon that underſtands every branch of the buſineſs, and can be recommended, may hear of good wages, and accommodations found him, by immediately applying to ROBERT MILLER, living in Warminſter townſhip, Bucks county. *Sept.* 4, 1776. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, ſituate in Weſt-Nottingham townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 150 acres, or thereabouts; there are on the premiſes a ſtone dwelling-houſe, a good merchant mill, almoſt new, built of ſtone in the beſt manner, with one pair of very good burrs, one Cologne, and one country ſtone; adjoining the griſt mill a new well built ſaw mill, and a well ſecured ſtone dam; a convenient ſtone ſpring-houſe, ſtables, hay-houſe, and about 25 acres of good meadow cleared; the whole well watered, and more may be made, and the fences all in good repair. Whoever inclines to purchaſe, by applying to ROBERT CORNTHWAIT, living on the premiſes, may view the whole, and know the terms; or to JOHN BROWN, Merchant, Philadelphia. ¶

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

WAS STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, living in Greenwich townſhip, Suſſex county, New-Jerſey, near Eaſton, out of his paſture, on Friday night, the 6th of September ult. a black HORSE, with a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, has ſome white under his belly, which he got by a hurt jumping fences, he is 5 years old, 14 hands high, or ſomething better, in good order, a natural trotter, but has been learnt to go a ſort of a ſhuffling travel, he gallops well, ſhod before, a ſhort ſwitch tail, lately trimmed by his ears. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe and thief, ſhall have the above reward, or Eight Dollars for the horſe, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ THOMAS BARBER.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

November 27, 1776. NUMB. 2501.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

PHILADELPHIA, OCTOBER 29, 1776.

THE Publiſhers of the ſeveral weekly NEWSPAPERS in this City, are under the diſagreeable Neceſſity of informing their Subſcribers, that the extraordinary Advance in the Price of Paper, and other Materials in the Printing Buſineſs, has obliged them to raiſe the Price to FIFTEEN SHILLINGS *per Annum*; and they hope their Cuſtomers will not take it amiſs to find that Price charged from and after the Firſt Day of *January* next.—Thoſe who ſhould not incline to have the Papers ſent after that Time, are deſired to call and diſcharge their Arrears; ſuch as do not, we ſhall conclude they agree to the advanced Price, and ſhall continue to ſend them accordingly.—Perſons ſubſcribing for the Papers after this Date to be charged FIFTEEN SHILLINGS *per Annum*, one Half of which to be paid at Entrance.

WM. and THOMAS BRADFORD.
JOHN DUNLAP.
JAMES HUMPHREYS.
HALL and SELLERS.

To be SOLD at the London Coffee-houſe, on Wedneſday, the 4th day of December next, at 5 o' clock in the afternoon,

THAT large and convenient HOUSE and LOT, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Second-ſtreet, between Mulberry and Saſſafras-ſtreets; the lot is 36 feet 5 inches front, including part of a ten feet alley, and 220 feet deep, being more or leſs on ſaid alley, with an adjoining back lot of 34 feet by 30, on which is a new brick ſtable and coach-houſe, with a good dry cellar under the whole, paved with brick; the ſtable is large enough to contain four or more horſes; there is a pump of good water in the yard; the houſe is one of the beſt ſtands in Second-ſtreet for buſineſs, and has been lately repaired; the cellar floor laid with two inch plank and in good order. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe at private ſale, may know the terms, by applying to WILLIAM CLIFTON, in the Northern Liberties. §

A QUANTITY of fine PERUVIAN BARK, juſt imported, to be ſold by
ROBERT BASS, Apothecary, in Market-ſtreet,
Florence Oil, in Cheſts; Italian Prunes; together with Drugs and Medicines of moſt Kinds.
A few remaining Patent Medicines, Painters Colours, Varniſh, Lacker, &c. &c. &c. ‖ 1 W.

Juſt publiſhed, and to be ſold by
JAMES HUMPHREYS, junior,
At the Corner of Black-horſe-alley, Front-ſtreet,

THE UNIVERSAL ALMANACK, FOR 1777. Containing, beſides the uſual Calculations, and a great variety of other uſeful and entertaining matter, a curious anecdote of Chapelle, a famous French author; Dying Speech of a Punſter; Remarkable Legacy of an ague fit; Extract from the Rural Socrates; Verſes on a Dial; Epigram on the Times; On a ſtolen Kiſs; The French Peaſant; Country Bumpkin; The Teacher taught; Way they fatten Lambs for London market; Preſervative againſt Infection; Variety of Receipts, &c. &c.

*** The Calculations of this Almanack are the performance of the ingenious D. RITTENHOUSE, A. M. of this city.

To be SOLD at public VENDUE, on the 12th day of December next, on the premiſes, the ſale to begin at one o'clock in the afternoon, if not ſold before at private ſale,

A TRACT of LAND, pleaſantly ſituated, about 9 miles from Philadelphia, in Germantown townſhip, containing 61 acres, about 53 clear, 8 acres thereof meadow and more may be made, and the whole of it watered, the remainder good wood land; there are erected on ſaid plantation two ſtone dwelling houſes, a barn, cyder houſe, ſtill-houſe and ſpring-houſe, with a never-failing ſpring of water, a large orchard, the greateſt part grafted trees, and a variety of other trees, ſuch as cherry, peach, plumb and pear trees. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the conditions, by applying to MICHAEL CONRAD, living near the premiſes, or they will be made known at the time of ſale.

N. B. Wanted a Journeyman Fuller, that underſtands the ſhearing buſineſs, ſuch a one coming well recommended, will meet with good encouragement, by applying to William Houlgate, Fuller, near the Sign of the Black-horſe, in Germantown townſhip. *Nov.* 23, 1776. ¶

November 28, 1776.

To be SOLD at public VENDUE, on the 14th day of December next, or at private Sale before,

A VALUABLE plantation, in Upper-Makefield townſhip, Bucks county, containing 178 acres, with a log-houſe and cellar, a new log-kitchen and barn, and other improvements, a bearing orchard, about 18 acres of watered meadow, 40 or 50 acres of wood land; it lies in a healthy part of the country, about 3 miles from Wright's-town Meeting-houſe, and the ſame diſtance from Makefield Meeting-houſe: The title indiſputable. Any perſon inclining to buy the ſaid land, may know the terms, by applying to ABRAHAM HIBBS, living on the premiſes. ¶

To be SOLD by private SALE,

THE FORGE, called SULFORD, and Utenſils belonging to it, ſituate in Philadelphia county, about 33 miles from the city of Philadelphia, on Perkiomen-Creek; the forge, coal-houſe, and other buildings are in good repair, and the ſtream of water plentiful; the tract of land, which will be ſold with it, contains about 370 acres, moſt of which is pretty well timbered, about 12 acres of good meadow. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes. JOHN KRIDER. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Weſt-Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, ſome time in Auguſt laſt, a large red BULL, three years old, marked with a ſlit in his near ear. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away. ¶ JOHN GALLAGHER.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation, with a ſuitable proportion of meadow, wood land, and plow land, with good buildings thereon. For further particulars, enquire of BENJAMIN DAVIDS, at the ſign of the George, at the corner of Second and Arch-ſtreets. †

Nether-Providence, Cheſter County, Nov. 18, 1776.

To be SOLD by private SALE,

A VALUABLE piece of wood land, well timbered, containing about 15 acres, on which might be erected, at a moderate expence, any kind of water works, ſituate on Crum-Creek, adjoining a public road leading to divers landing places about 3 miles diſtance, 14 miles from Philadelphia and 4 from Cheſter. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may have an opportunity by applying to ROGER DICKS, near Cheſter. ¶

LANDS TO BE SOLD,
(Or Exchanged for Houſes or Lots in the City of Philadelphia)

AT a very low price for caſh, by CHRISTIAN HOOK, Attorney at Law, dwelling in Front-ſtreet, near the City Vendue Houſe, in Philadelphia, one tract of land, conſiſting of about 2000 acres, lying in the county of Berks, within two miles of the river Schuylkill, and 30 miles from the town of Reading, the ſoil whereof is middling rich, and the tract in general well timbered; it is moſt plentifully watered, ſo that much meadow may be made on the premiſes, and there is a ſufficient ſtream thereon for a griſt or ſaw-mill; John Myer, or Joſeph Fiſher, ſaw millers, living near the premiſes, will ſhew them to any body who inclines to ſee them. Alſo a tract lying in the county of Northampton, conſiſting of 3600 acres, is of a very rich ſoil, plentifully timbered, and about one third thereof with very little pains may be made meadow, and is in the neighbourhood of a very extenſive fine country, and diſtant about ten miles from the river Delaware, which is navigable at leaſt ſixty miles above the premiſes. Alſo one tract of 300 acres, equal in quality to the laſt deſcribed tract, having a mill ſeat upon it, and diſtant but two miles from the aforeſaid river.

Alſo ſeven lots of ground, lying in the Northern Liberties of Philadelphia.

To be SOLD by way of public VENDUE, on the 7th day of December next, on the premiſes,

A PIECE of GROUND, ſituate in Newtown, Cheſter county, lying by the road leading from the Great-Valley to Darby and Cheſter, conſiſting of 25 or 30 acres of good land, one half cleared, the reſt good wood land, with a log-houſe and ſmith ſhop, a good well of water at the door, and ſome apple and peach trees; the land is about 14 miles from Philadelphia, and half a mile from the Quarry. [*This land was advertiſed and ſold ſome time ago, but the purchaſer, I believe, not having wit or money enough, or ſcant of both, threw it up.*] The payments will be made known on the day of ſale, by

November 19, 1776. † NATHANIEL NEWLIN.

Philadelphia, November 21, 1776.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, pleaſantly ſituated, on the main road leading from the Great-Valley to Darby, in Newtown townſhip, Cheſter county, 14 miles from Philadelphia, containing 200 acres, whereof is about about 20 acres of good watered meadow, and more may be eaſily made; near two thirds of the whole cleared, and the remainder well timbered; on which are a good ſtone houſe and kitchen, a well of excellent water at the door, a ſpring-houſe near the dwelling, a good bearing orchard, with barn, ſtables, &c. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may be informed concerning the place, by enquiring of John Roberts, Miller, of Merion. The terms, title, and immediate poſſeſſion will be given, by JOSEPH JAMES, on the premiſes. ¶

THE ſubſcriber takes this method to acquaint the public, that he hath removed from the Trap Tavern to the town of Wilmington, and houſe formerly occupied by Mr. George Gordon, at the Sign of the Pennſylvania Farmer, oppoſite the lower Market-houſe, where he has furniſhed himſelf with genteel accommodations for the reception of gentlemen travellers, &c. alſo the beſt of ſtabling, whereby he hopes for a continuance of his former cuſtomers, and thoſe who will pleaſe to favour him with their company; he alſo takes in horſes to keep by the day, week, month or year, and for private or public ſale, where thoſe having more than they want may have an opportunity of ſelling, and thoſe in want may purchaſe.----He hopes, from a ſteady and good attendance in the houſe and ſtables, to merit the continuance of all thoſe who ſhall favour him by calling at the houſe of, the public's already much obliged and very humble ſervant, JAMES THOMPSON. ‖ 15s.

N. B. The Pennſylvania Farmer ſtands in full view of the great road coming in from Chriſtiana Bridge, and to the left on the ſame ſquare with Mr. James Adams's houſe coming in from the Ferry.

York-Town, November 18. 1776.

WAS committed into my cuſtody, a certain THOMAS WORK, who ſays he is a ſervant to a certain Mr. Thomas Jones, near Alexandria, in Virginia; he is about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, of a ſwarthy complexion, ſhort black hair, an Iriſhman, and about 26 years of age; had on, when committed, an old felt hat, torn in the crown, a white lincey coat, with flat metal buttons, a tow ſhirt and trowſers. His maſter is deſired to come in the ſpace of four weeks after this date, pay the charges, and take him away, otherwiſe he will be ſold for his fees, by MICHAEL GRAYBIL, Goaler. ¶

STOLEN OR STRAYED, *from the ſubſcriber, living in Kent county on Delaware, in Little Creek Hundred, on the 17th day of November, at night, a likely young dark bay* HORSE, *about 6 years old laſt ſpring, has one white foot on the near ſide, a ſmall white ſtar in his forehead, mealy noſe, black mane and tail, marked on the withers with the ſaddle, a white ſpot on his neck juſt forward of his withers, paces a ſlow travel, trots and canters well, is ſhod, ſuppoſed to be about fourteen hands high, and in good order. Whoever takes up the ſaid Horſe, and ſecures him, ſo that the owner may get him again, ſhall have, if within 5 miles of home, Ten Shillings, and reaſonable charges paid, and if within 10 miles, Thirty Shillings, and charges paid as aforeſaid; and if ſtolen, for the thief and horſe, Three Pounds reward, and charges paid as aforeſaid, by*

† *JOHN WHEELTON.*

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Point-No-Point, in the Northern Liberties, Philadelphia county, A large RED COW, ſome white in her face. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. WILLIAM SUTTON. ¶

NATHANIEL DEVERELL, from England, living at Mr. Thomas Simmons's, Silk-dyer, in Fifth-ſtreet, near the Corner of Arch-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

BEGS Leave to inform the Public in general, and his Friends in particular, that he has begun his Trade of making, grinding and ſteeling of FULLERS SHEARS; where Fullers may be ſupplied with new Ones, or have their old Ones repaired and fitted up in the beſt Manner. He will endeavour to give Satisfaction to thoſe who pleaſe to favour him with their Commands. Orders from the Country carefully obeyed.

N. B. He likewiſe makes and ſells Nails. ¶

ALL Perſons are hereby forewarned from taking an Aſſignment of a Note or Obligation for Ten Pounds, given by the Subſcriber to a certain HENRY EYERS, who unlawfully detains the ſaid Note, although fully diſcharged with lawful Intereſt, and will not be paid again, by MOSES PETERS, of Philadelphia County. †

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

WAS LOST, the 5th day of November, by the ſubſcriber, living in Leacock townſhip, Lancaſter county, a Parchment Pocket-Book, with a Bundle of Money, containing about Forty Pounds, on the road leading from Lancaſter to Grove's-town. Whoever has found the ſame, and will deliver it to the owner, ſhall have the above reward, paid by ¶ CHRISTIAN HAAS.

November 18, 1776.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED or STOLEN, on the 15th inſtant, out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Germantown, Philadelphia county, a black MARE, about 7 years old, 14 hands high, has loſt her left eye, a ſtar in her forehead, ſome white at her near hind foot, well made, a natural trotter, ſuppoſed to be with foal. Whoever ſecures ſaid Mare, ſo as the owner may have her again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JACOB ENGLE. ¶

Robeſon Townſhip, Berks County, October 28, 1776.

CAME to the premiſes of the ſubſcriber, a three year old STEER, with a white ſtar in his forehead, and ſome white on both thighs. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

¶ ISAAC WELLS.

NOTICE is hereby given to all perſons, not to purchaſe, rent, or take any mortgage or bill of ſale, of a certain tract of land, where one Henry Dougherty at preſent lives; ſaid land is ſituated on the weſt ſide of Saſquehanna, at a place called the Long Reach, bounded on the eaſt by Thomas Ferguſon, and on the weſt by Andrew Armſtrong, on the unpurchaſed land within Penn's Claim, about [illegible] miles from [illegible] Creek.

Nov. 13, 1776. † JAMES HUGHES.

STOLEN out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, at the North Branch, Somerſet county, and province of New-Jerſey, on Sunday night the 17th of this inſtant November, a dark bay MARE, ſomewhat inclined to brown, full 15 hands high, a natural trotter, will go a ſlow travelling pace, her off hind foot white between fetlock and hoof, 6 years old paſt, with no other mark or brand except her main moſtly inclining to hang on the near ſide of her neck; the mare when ſtolen with foal. Whoever takes up ſaid mare and thief, and ſecures the thief in any goal, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall be paid a reward of Fifteen Pounds proc. and for mare alone Five Pounds proc. with all reaſonable charges when delivered to the ſubſcriber, or any other perſon duly authoriſed to receive her.

Nov. 19, 1776. § ANDRIS TEN EICK, Tertius.

North Branch, November 21, 1776.

STOLEN *out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, near Old Bromly Mill, in Somerſet county, province of New-Jerſey, on Sunday night the 17th inſtant, a dark ſorrel* HORSE, *3 years old paſt, without brand, his natural marks a bald face down to his noſe, his hind feet both white, a natural trotter, about 14 hands 3 inches high, when ſtolen was ſhod. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe and thief, and ſecures the thief in any goal, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall be paid a reward of* FIFTEEN POUNDS *proc. and for horſe alone,* FIVE POUNDS *proc. with all reaſonable charges when delivered to the ſubſcriber, or any other perſon duly authoriſed to receive him.*

‖ *PETER WORTMAN.*

Philadelphia, November 14, 1776.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, on the night of the 13th inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, a Negroe man, named CÆSAR, *about 22 years of age, a ſmart, polite, likely, well made fellow, about 5 feet 3 inches high; he took with him a light coloured ratteen coat new turned, with plain metal buttons, a dark grey jockey coat moth-eaten on the back, ſundry jackets, a pair of claret colour velvet breeches, a pair of white cloth ditto, ſome white cotton and thread ſtockings, a pair of new blue yarn ditto, a pair of turned pumps, a pair of ſhoes, a pair of faſhionable plated buckles, a good beaver hat, ſome linen and check ſhirts, and may have ſundry other things. It is likely he is gone towards the camp, as he is very fond of being a fifer or drummer, and may paſs for a freeman; or gone on board ſome outward bound veſſel. Maſters of veſſels are requeſted to take care not to carry him off. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Negroe, ſo that his maſter gets him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges.* SAMUEL JACKSON. ¶

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber, living in the townſhip of Ridley,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, containing 163 acres, one half well timbered, the other part cleared, and produces good grain and paſture, about 15 acres of good watered meadow, a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, and kitchen adjoining; there are on ſaid premiſes an excellent orchard, and a number of good ſprings, one of which is near the door. The abovementioned plantation is within two miles and an half of Cheſter, and 12 and an half of Philadelphia. For further particulars, enquire of JOSEPH PRITCHARD, living on the premiſes. *tf.*

Philadelphia, November 2, 1776.

FRANCIS WADE,

WHOSE abſence for ſome time paſt obliged him to ſhut up his Brewery, thinks it neceſſary to give this public notice to his former cuſtomers, and others that are diſpoſed to make trial of his BEER, that he has began to brew for the ſeaſon, and has now ready to turn out the different kinds of Beer, as uſual, equal in quality to any in this city. The higheſt prices will be given, by ſaid WADE, for good clean winter or ſpring Barley and Malt. †

ANNAPOLIS, November 21.

The CONSTITUTION and FORM of GOVERNMENT agreed to by the Delegates of MARYLAND in free and full Convention aſſembled.

1. THAT the legiſlature conſiſt of two diſtinct branches, a Senate, and a Houſe of Delegates, which ſhall be ſtiled the General Aſſembly of Maryland.

2. That the Houſe of Delegates ſhall be choſen in the following manner: All freemen above twenty-one years of age, having a freehold of fifty acres of land in the county in wh ch they offer to vote, and reſiding therein, and all freemen having property in this State above the value of Thirty Pounds current money, and having reſided in the county in which they offer to vote one whole year next preceding the election, ſhall have a right of ſuffrage in the election of Delegates for ſuch county; and all freemen ſo qualified ſhall, on the firſt Monday of October ſeventeen hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, and on the ſame day in every year thereafter, aſſemble in the counties in which they are reſpectively qualified to vote, at the Court-houſe in the ſaid counties, or at ſuch other place as the legiſlature ſhall direct, and when aſſembled they ſhall proceed to elect, *viva voce*, four Delegates for their reſpective counties, of the moſt wiſe, ſenſible, and diſcreet of the people, reſidents in the county where they are to be choſen one whole year next preceding the election, above twenty-one years of age, and having in the State real or perſonal property above the value of Five Hundred Pounds current money, and upon the final caſting of the polls the four perſons who ſhall appear to have the greateſt number of legal votes, ſhall be declared and returned duly elected for their reſpective county.

3. That the Sheriff of each county, or in caſe of ſickneſs, his deputy (ſummoning two Juſtices of the county, who are required to attend for the preſervation of the peace) ſhall be Judge of the election, and may adjourn from day to day, if neceſſary, till the ſame be finiſhed, ſo that the whole election ſhall be concluded in four days; and ſhall make his return thereof, under his hand, to the Chancellor of this State for the time being.

4. That all perſons, qualified by the charter of the city of Annapolis to vote for Burgeſſes, ſhall, on the ſame firſt Monday of October, ſeventeen hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, and on the ſame day in every year for ever thereafter, elect, *viva voce*, by a Majority of votes, two Delegates, qualified agreeable to the ſaid charter; that the Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen, of the ſaid city, or any three of them, be Judges of the election, appoint the place in the ſaid city for holding the ſame, and may adjourn from day to day as aforeſaid, and ſhall make return thereof as aforeſaid; but the inhabitants of the ſaid city ſhall not be entitled to vote for Delegates for Anne-Arundel county, unleſs they have a freehold of fifty acres of land in the county, diſtinct from the city.

5. That all perſons, inhabitants of Baltimore-town, and having the ſame qualifications as electors in the county, ſhall, on the ſame firſt Monday of October ſeventeen hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, and on the ſame day in every year for ever thereafter, at ſuch place in the ſaid town as the Judges ſhall appoint, elect, *viva voce*, by a majority of votes, two Delegates, qualified as aforeſaid; but if the ſaid inhabitants of the town ſhall ſo decreaſe, as that the number of perſons having right of ſuffrage therein ſhall have been for the ſpace of ſeven years ſucceſſively leſs than one half the number of voters in ſome one county in this State, ſuch town thenceforward ſhall ceaſe to ſend two delegates or repreſentatives to the houſe of delegates, until the ſaid town ſhall have one half of the number of voters in ſome one county in this State.

6. That the commiſſioners of the ſaid town, or any three or more of them, for the time being, ſhall be judges of the ſaid election, and may adjourn as aforeſaid, and ſhall make return thereof as aforeſaid; but the inhabitants of the ſaid town ſhall not be entitled to vote for, or be elected Delegates for, Baltimore county, neither ſhall the inhabitants of Baltimore county, out of the limits of Baltimore-town, be entitled to vote for, or be elected Delegates for, the ſaid town.

7. That on refuſal, death, diſqualification, reſignation, or removal out of this State, of any Delegate, or on his becoming Governor, or a member of the Council, a warrant of election ſhall iſſue by the Speaker, for the election of another in his place, of which ten days notice at the leaſt, excluding the day of notice and the day of election, ſhall be given.

8. That not leſs than a majority of the Delegates, with their Speaker (to be choſen by them by ballot) conſtitute an houſe for the tranſacting any buſineſs, other than that of adjourning.

9. That the Houſe of Delegates ſhall judge of the elections and qualifications of Delegates.

10. That the Houſe of Delegates may originate all money bills, propoſe bills to the ſenate, or receive thoſe offered by that body, and aſſent, diſſent or propoſe amendments; that they may enquire, on the oath of witneſſes, into all complaints, grievances and offences, as the grand inqueſt of this State, and may commit any perſon for any crime to the public goal, there to remain till he be diſcharged by due courſe of law; they may expel any member for a great miſdemeanor, but not a ſecond time for the ſame cauſe; they may examine and paſs all accounts of the State, relating either to the collection or expenditure of the revenue, or appoint auditors to ſtate and adjuſt the ſame; they may call for all public or official papers and records, and ſend for perſons, whom they judge neceſſary, in the courſe of their enquiries, concerning affairs relating to the public intereſt, and may direct all office bonds (which ſhall be made payable to the State) to be ſued for any breach of duty.

11. That the Senate may be at full and perfect liberty to exerciſe their judgment in paſſing laws, and that they may not be compelled by the Houſe of Delegates either to reject a money bill which the emergency of affairs may require, or to aſſent to ſome other act of legiſlation, in their conſcience and judgment injurious to the public welfare; the Houſe of Delegates ſhall not on any occaſion, or under any pretence, annex to or blend with a money bill, any matter, clauſe or thing, not immediately relating to and neceſſary for the impoſing, aſſeſſing, levying or applying the taxes or ſupplies, to be raiſed for the ſupport of government, or the current expences of the State; and to prevent altercation about ſuch bills, it is declared, that no bill impoſing duties or cuſtoms for the mere regulation of commerce, or inflicting fines for the reformation of morals, or to enforce the execution of the laws, by which an incidental revenue may ariſe, ſhall be accounted a money bill; but every bill aſſeſſing, levying or applying taxes or ſupplies for the ſupport of government, or the current expences of the State, or appropriating money in the treaſury, ſhall be deemed a money bill.

12. That the Houſe of Delegates may puniſh, by impriſonment, any perſon who ſhall be guilty of a contempt in their view, by any diſorderly or riotous behaviour, or by threats to or abuſe of their members, or by any obſtruction to their proceedings; they may alſo puniſh, by impriſonment, any perſon who ſhall be guilty of a breach of privilege, by arreſting on civil proceſs, or by aſſaulting, any of their members, during their ſitting, or on their way to or return from the Houſe of Delegates, or by any aſſault of, or obſtruction to their officers, in the execution of any order or proceſs, or by aſſaulting or obſtructing any witneſs, or any other perſon, attending on, or on their way to or from the houſe, or by reſcuing any perſon committed by the houſe; and the Senate may exerciſe the ſame power in ſimilar caſes.

13. That the Treaſurers (one for the weſtern and another for the eaſtern ſhore) and the Commiſſioners of the loan-office, may be appointed by the Houſe of Delegates during their pleaſure, and in caſe of refuſal, death, reſignations, diſqualifications, or removal out of the State of any of the ſaid Commiſſioners or Treaſurers, in the receſs of the General Aſſembly, the Governor, with the advice of the Council, may appoint and commiſſion a fit and proper perſon to ſuch vacant office, to hold the ſame until the meeting of the next General Aſſembly.

14. That the Senate be choſen in the following manner: All perſons, qualified as aforeſaid to vote for county Delegates, ſhall, on the firſt Monday of September ſeventeen hundred and eighty-one, and on the ſame day in every fifth year for ever thereafter, elect, *viva voce*, by a majority of votes, two perſons for their reſpective counties, qualified as aforeſaid to be elected county Delegates, to be electors of the Senate; and the Sheriff of each county, or in caſe of ſickneſs his deputy (ſummoning two Juſtices of the county who are required to attend for the preſervation of the peace) ſhall hold and be judge of the ſaid election, and make return thereof as aforeſaid. And all perſons qualified as aforeſaid to vote for Delegates for the city of Annapolis and Baltimore-town ſhall, on the ſame firſt Monday of September ſeventeen hundred and eighty-one, and on the ſame day in every fifth year for ever thereafter, elect, *viva voce*, by a majority of votes, one perſon for the ſaid city and town reſpectively, qualified as aforeſaid to be elected a Delegate for the ſaid city and town reſpectively; the ſaid election to be held in the ſame manner as the election of Delegates for the ſaid city and town, the right to elect the ſaid elector with reſpect to Baltimore-town to continue as long as the right to elect Delegates for the ſaid town.

15. That the ſaid electors of the ſenate meet at the city of Annapolis, or ſuch other place as ſhall be appointed for convening the Legiſlature, on the third Monday in September, ſeventeen hundred and eighty-one, and on the ſame day in every fifth year for ever thereafter, and they, or any twenty-four of them ſo met, ſhall proceed to elect, by ballot, either out of their own body, or the people at large, fifteen Senators (nine of whom to be reſidents on the weſtern, and ſix to be reſidents on the eaſtern ſhore) men of the moſt wiſdom, experience and virtue, above twenty-five years of age, reſidents of the State above three whole years next preceding the election, and having therein real and perſonal property above the value of one thouſand pounds current money.

16. That the Senators ſhall be balloted for at one and the ſame time, and out of the gentlemen reſidents of the weſtern ſhore, who ſhall be propoſed as Senators, the nine who ſhall, on ſtriking the ballots, appear to have the greateſt numbers in their favour, ſhall be accordingly declared and returned duly elected; and out of the gentlemen, reſidents of the eaſtern ſhore, who ſhall be propoſed as Senators, the ſix who ſhall, on ſtriking the ballots, appear to have the greateſt numbers in their favour, ſhall be accordingly declared and returned duly elected; and if two or more, on the ſame ſhore, ſhall have an equal number of ballots in their favour, by which the choice ſhall not be determined on the firſt ballot, then the electors ſhall again ballot before they ſeparate, in which they ſhall be confined to the perſons who, on the firſt ballot, ſhall have had an equal number; and they who ſhall have the greateſt number in their favour on the ſecond ballot, ſhall be accordingly declared and returned duly elected; and if the whole number ſhould not thus be made up, becauſe of an equal number on the ſecond ballot ſtill being in favour of two or more perſons, then the election ſhall be determined by lot, between thoſe who have equal numbers; which proceedings of the electors ſhall be certified under their hands, and returned to the Chancellor for the time being.

17. That the electors of Senators ſhall judge of the qualifications and elections of members of their body, and on a conteſted election ſhall admit to a ſeat, as an elector, ſuch qualified perſon as ſhall appear to them to have the greateſt number of legal votes in his favour.

18. That the electors immediately on their meeting, and before they proceed to the election of ſenators, take ſuch oath of ſupport and fidelity to this State, as this Convention or the Legiſlature ſhall direct, and alſo an oath "to elect, without favour, affection, partiality, or prejudice, ſuch perſons for Senators, as they, in their judgment and conſcience, believe beſt qualified for the office."

19. That in caſe of refuſal, death, reſignation, diſqualification, or removal out of this State, of any Senator, or on his becoming Governor, or a member of the Council, the Senate ſhall immediately thereupon, or at their next meeting thereafter, elect by ballot, in the ſame manner as the electors are above directed to chuſe Senators, another perſon in his place, for the reſidue of the ſaid term of five years.

20. That not leſs than a majority of the Senate, with their Preſident, (to be choſen by them by ballot) ſhall conſtitute an houſe for the tranſacting any buſineſs, other than that of adjourning.

21. That the Senate ſhall judge of the elections and qualification of Senators.

22. That the Senate may originate any other, except money bills, to which their aſſent or diſſent only ſhall be given, and may receive any other bills from the houſe of Delegates, and aſſent, diſſent or propoſe amendments.

23. That the General Aſſembly meet annually, on the firſt Monday of November, and if neceſſary oftener.

24. That each houſe ſhall appoint its own officers, and ſettle its own rules of proceeding.

25. That a perſon of wiſdom, experience, and virtue, ſhall be choſen Governor, on the ſecond Monday of November 1777, and on the ſecond Monday in every year for ever thereafter, by the joint ballot of both houſes, to be taken in each houſe reſpectively, depoſited in a conference room, the boxes to be examined by a joint committee of both houſes, and the numbers ſeverally reported, that the appointment may be entered; which mode of taking the joint ballot of both houſes ſhall be adopted in all caſes. But if two or more ſhall have an equal number of ballots in their favour, by which the choice ſhall not be determined on the firſt ballot, then a ſecond ballot ſhall be taken, which ſhall be confined to the perſons who, on the firſt ballot, ſhall have had an equal number; and if the ballots ſhould again be equal between two or more perſons, then the election of the governor ſhall be determined by lot, between thoſe who have equal numbers; and if the perſon choſen governor ſhall die, reſign, remove out of the State, or refuſe to act (ſitting the general aſſembly) the ſenate and houſe of delegates ſhall immediately thereupon proceed to a new choice in manner aforeſaid.

26. That the Senators and Delegates, on the ſecond Tueſday of November ſeventeen hundred and ſeventy-ſeven, and annually on the ſecond Tueſday of November for ever thereafter, elect by joint ballot, in the ſame manner as Senators are directed to be choſen, five of the moſt ſenſible, diſcreet, and experienced men, above twenty-five years of age, reſidents in the State above three years next preceding the election, and having therein a freehold of lands and tenements, above the value of One Thouſand Pounds current money, to be the Council to the Governor, whoſe proceedings ſhall be always entered on record, to any part whereof any member may enter his diſſent, and their advice, if ſo required by the Governor or any member of the Council, ſhall be given in writing, and ſigned by the members giving the ſame reſpectively; which proceedings of the Council ſhall be laid before the Senate, or Houſe of Delegates, when called for by them, or either of them. The Council may appoint their own clerk, who ſhall take ſuch oath of ſupport and fidelity to this State as this Convention or the Legiſlature ſhall direct, and of ſecrecy, in ſuch matters as he ſhall be directed by the board to keep ſecret.

27. That the Delegates to Congreſs from this State ſhall be choſen annually, or ſuperceded in the mean time, by the joint ballot of both Houſes of Aſſembly, and that there be a rotation in ſuch manner that at leaſt two of the number be annually changed, and no perſon ſhall be capable of being a Delegate to Congreſs for more than three in any term of ſix years; and no perſon who holds any office of profit in the gift of Congreſs ſhall be eligible to ſit in Congreſs, but if appointed to any ſuch office his ſeat ſhall be thereby vacated: That no perſon, unleſs above twenty-five years of age, and reſident in the State more than five years next preceding the election, and having real and perſonal eſtate in this State above the value of One Thouſand Pounds current money, ſhall be eligible to ſit in Congreſs.

[*To be continued.*]

CONSTANTINOPLE, JULY 3.

ADVICE has been received here, that on the 16th of April laſt the city of Baſſora had ſurrendered to the Perſians by capitulation, after a ſiege of more than twelve months, the inhabitants being reduced to the laſt extremity by ſickneſs and famine.

LONDON, AUGUST 13.

EDICT *of the King of* PORTUGAL, *prohibiting all intercourſe between his Dominions and the American Colonies.*

JOSEPH, by the grace of GOD, King of Portugal and of the Algarves, &c. &c. &c. I make known to all who ſhall ſee this preſent edict, that having been lately informed, that the Engliſh Colonies in America had not only ſeparated themſelves by an act of the Congreſs, the 15th of May laſt, from the ſubjection to the crown of Great-Britain, but alſo were making laws of their own, and giving particular power to reſiſt the lawful authority of his Britannic Majeſty, my good brother, friend and ally: AND WHEREAS ſo pernicious an example ought to intereſt even the moſt indifferent princes not to favour or aſſiſt, directly or indirectly, ſubjects thus publicly and formally rebelling againſt their lawful ſovereign: It is my will and pleaſure to order, that in all the ports of theſe kingdoms and its dominions, no ſhelter ſhall be given to any ſhips loaded or in ballaſt coming from any of the ports of the ſaid North-American Britiſh Colonies; but on the contrary, that they are to be repelled from the ſaid ports, and in the ſame manner they entered, without giving them the leaſt ſuccour of any kind whatſoever. The maſters of ſhips, who have been permitted to enter hitherto, in conſideration of not having received any expreſs injunction to the contrary, ſhall be notified to depart with their ſhips out of the above-mentioned ports within the ſpace of eight ſucceſſive days, without fail; examination being had before their departure, if they have on board any gunpowder, or other warlike ſtores of the kinds already prohibited by my royal orders, given the twenty-firſt of October laſt, to the arſenal of the army, and to the office of outward conſulſhip; and confiſcating, for the benefit of the public works, any of the ſaid ſhips on board of which ſhall be found clandeſtinely concealed any of the above mentioned warlike ſtores, as goods rightly ſeized and manifeſtly known to be the property of rebels. Our Lord the King hath ordered this by his royal decree of the fourth of this current month of July, and directed it to his royal counſel, commanding it to be printed and ſet up in all public places of Liſbon and ports of this kingdom, and of the Algarve, in order that every one ſhould have notice thereof, and that no perſon may pretend ignorance. Liſbon, July 5, 1776.

(Signed) COUNT DE AZAMBUJA, Pres.

Extract of a letter from Liſbon, July 15.

"There were five American veſſels here when the King's orders were publiſhed for their departure in nine days from the ports in this kingdom; they have accordingly ſailed, and though an Engliſh frigate cruized off the rocks to intercept them, I do not hear that ſhe has made a ſingle prize. Our harbour was well ſituated for the American trade, as they could purchaſe here all manner of Engliſh commodities, which they are in want of, and alſo diſpoſe of their own cargoes at a good market."

Notice has been ſent to the Weſt India merchants, that two men of war will be ready to ſail from Spithead by the 20th inſtant, when they will take under convoy all ſuch ſhips as are bound to Jamaica, or the Weſt-India iſlands.

The Saliſbury Eaſt Indiaman is bought up by government for the American ſervice.

A late Premier once intimating to Lord Cheſterfield that ſomething capital muſt be done by way of taxation, his Lordſhip immediately replied, "Lay a tax upon knaves and fools."—"I would propoſe ſuch a tax with all my ſoul (replied the Miniſter) did I not know it would be powerfully oppoſed by both H—— of P———."

Yeſterday Mr. Alderman Lee laid a complaint before the Lord Mayor againſt Capt Roſs, who was one of the perſons that brought home the Yankee privateer, for aſſaulting him on the Royal Exchange, by running his fiſt in his face, and ſaying, that that was not a proper place to ſettle the matter, &c. which made it believed the Alderman was in danger of his life; whereupon the Lord Mayor granted a warrant for apprehending the ſaid Captain Roſs, that he may be brought to juſtice. The diſpute began about ſome letters that had been intercepted.

Auguſt 15. Orders have been diſpatched to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and to the commander in chief

there, to put that kingdom in the beſt poſture of defence without delay, and to execute the laws for diſarming Roman Catholics with great ſtrictneſs, as advice has been received of an intended deſcent upon that country.

Auguſt 17. David Hume, Eſq; Dr. Smith, and Sir James Stewart, have all given the King their opinions, that if a reconciliation does not ſpeedily take place with America, that country is loſt.

The parliament will meet preciſely to the laſt prorogation, whatever the ſucceſs of the American expedition may turn out, as the ſupplies of laſt year are all run out, and the *great waggon* wheels of government will want *freſh greaſing*.

Three American privateers were, the 9th inſt. cruizing within a few leagues of the Briſtol channel.

We hear from Bath, that Lord Delaware died there on Wedneſday laſt, where he went for the benefit of his health.

Sept. 5. Letters from Cadiz ſay, that they are getting ready for ſea ſix ſhips of the line, and that there is an order to raiſe 20,000 men.

The civil Liſt is now SIX QUARTERS in arrear. It is perfectly ſcandalous. The King's income is upwards of fifteen hundred thouſand pounds. He lives meanly; and his family being very young cannot be expenſive. What becomes of the money?

Policies were yeſterday opened at Lloyd's Coffee houſe, and five guineas given to receive one hundred if the Provincials declare war againſt Portugal within one year.

It is ſaid, that his Majeſty has given a place to the youngeſt ſon of Lord George Germaine, a child of five years old, the income of which is 800l. per annum.

General Clinton and Sir Peter Parker will be recalled. Letters, requiring their attendance in England, having been diſpatched from government.

Saturday laſt a Board of Admiralty was held, when orders were ſent off to Portſmouth and Plymouth for getting ready, with the utmoſt expedition, two men of war of 50 guns, two bomb ketches, and a fireſhip, to join Sir Peter Parker's fleet at North-America.

We hear by a private letter received from France, that all the troops in that kingdom will be in motion early in the ſpring; every preparation is making for that purpoſe, and that expreſſes are daily diſpatching to the general officers for compleating their regiments.

When the Parliament meets, it is expected by the public, that ALL THE PAPERS, reſpecting the American war, will be demanded.

Orders are delivered out at the war-office for ſome more recruiting parties to be ſent into the different parts of the country, in order to raiſe 2000 men to fill up the vacancy in the regiments under the command of General Howe; and another draft is alſo to be made out of the three regiments of foot guards.

On Tueſday night his Excellency Governor Eden, of Maryland, arrived expreſs from Portſmouth, with ſome freſh diſpatches to Lord George Germaine. He came over in the Levant tranſport, Capt. Thomas, after a paſſage of 27 days. Several other gentlemen have come paſſengers in the above ſhip, who left Virginia the 6th of Auguſt.

Portſmouth, Auguſt 16. Monday came into harbour a tranſport from America, with ſick and wounded ſoldiers, who were immediately ſent on ſhore.

Tueſday came to Goſport a party of the 35th regiment, for America, but are now gone into the Iſle of Wight, there being no ſhip ready to carry them.

WILLIAMSBURG, November 15.

Laſt night an expreſs arrived from Col. Chriſtian, with letters to the Governor, dated October 23, giving an account of his having paſſed the Teneſee river on the 18th of that month, without any moleſtation from the enemy, and after marching through ſeveral Indian towns, at length arrived ſafely in the Iſland Town, the lowermoſt but one on the river, which he found had been precipitately abandoned, the Indians having only had time to carry off their clothes and the beſt of their houſhold goods, with which they puſhed off in canoes down the Teneſee. They left behind them their horſes, cattle, hogs, fowls, and even dogs, with their whole crops of corn and potatoes, which the Colonel learned was a very great one.—He expected at his camp in the Iſland Town, as next day, the Raven warrior of Chote, with Oucanaſtota, the Little Carpenter, and a number of other chiefs; having given them to underſtand, that if they did not immediately come in and make ſubmiſſion, and agree to ſuch terms as he ſhould deem to be reaſonable, that he would lay waſte all the towns, and purſue their fugitive countrymen as far as the Creek nation.

The Colonel thinks it probable he may enter into a treaty with them, as he has good reaſon to believe that all the old warriors had been averſe to the war, and that the reſt were ſtirred up by Cameron, by bribes and threats.—Two of his ſcouts, on the road to Hywaſſee, found an old woman and two children in the woods, almoſt famiſhed with hunger and cold, having been out ſix days and nights without fire or proviſions of any kind, except berries and haws. The ſoldiers took compaſſion upon the poor wretches, made them a fire, and gave them victuals.—They alſo met a young man who had loſt his wife, and was then in ſearch of her; they called to him to come to them, on which he clubbed his gun and came up. He informed, that the villain Cameron puſhed off to the Creek nation as ſoon as he heard Col. Chriſtian had croſſed Broad river.

The following gentlemen are appointed Field Officers to the ſix new battalions to be raiſed in this State on the Continental eſtabliſhment, viz.—*Colonels*, Edward Stevens, Daniel Morgan, James Wood, Samuel Meredith, Charles Lewis, and David Maſon, Eſquires—*Lieutenant Colonels*, Chriſtian Febiger, John Gibſon, Lewis Willis, John Neaville, Richard K. Mead, and James Innis, Eſquires.—*Majors*, William Heath, Abraham Buford, Charles Simms, George Lyne, George Nicholas, and Holt Richeſon, Eſquires.

PHILADELPHIA, November 27.

IN CONGRESS, *November* 23, 1776.

RESOLVED, That a Committee of Five be appointed, with full powers to deviſe and execute meaſures for effectually reinforcing General Waſhington, and obſtructing the progreſs of General Howe's army, and that they proceed immediately on this buſineſs.

The members choſen, Mr. WILSON, Mr. SMITH, Mr. CHASE, Mr. CLYMER, and Mr. STOCKDEN.

JOHN HANCOCK, PRESIDENT.

THE Committee before mentioned have come to the following Reſolutions—

RESOLVED, That it be recommended to the Commanding Officers of the ſeveral battalions of Aſſociators in Pennſylvania immediately to call together the battalions reſpectively under their command; and to ſelect out of each battalion one company, or, if poſſible, two companies of volunteers.

That each company conſiſt of ſeventy-ſix privates, one Drummer, one Fifer, four Corporals, and four Serjeants, under the command of a Captain, two Lieutenants, and one Enſign.

That the Field Officers of each Battalion, or ſuch of them as ſhall be preſent, with the approbation and concurrence of the volunteers, appoint the commiſſioned and non-commiſſioned officers of each company.

That the companies be engaged in the ſervice of the United States till the tenth day of March next, unleſs ſooner diſcharged by Congreſs; and be entitled to a pair of ſhoes and ſtockings, and to the ſame rations and the ſame monthly pay with the other troops on the Continental Eſtabliſhment, to commence from the time of their enrolment.

That the form of the enrolment be as follows: *I——— hereby promiſe and engage to enter into the ſervice of the United States, and to ſerve them till the tenth day of March next, unleſs ſooner diſcharged by Congreſs; and to obſerve and obey the orders of Congreſs, and the orders of the Generals and officers ſet over me by them.*

That in order to ſupply the companies with arms, accoutrements, and other neceſſaries, the Field Officers of each battalion, or any of them, be empowered and directed to purchaſe, and, if they cannot purchaſe, to impreſs arms, cartouch-boxes, blankets, ſhoes, ſtockings, and other neceſſaries for the uſe of the ſaid companies.

That the articles impreſſed be appraiſed by perſons to be appointed by the Field Officers, or any of them, for that purpoſe.

That the Field Officers or any of them give certificates of the value of the articles ſo purchaſed or appraiſed, which certificates ſhall be deemed ſufficient vouchers to the perſons to whom they ſhall be given, or to their aſſigns, for the reſpective ſums therein mentioned, and ſhall be paid at the Continental Treaſury.

That the Captains march their companies with the utmoſt expedition, and join the army under General Waſhington.

That the Council of Safety of Pennſylvania be empowered and directed to form the ſaid companies into battalions; and to adopt ſuch farther meaſures as they may find neceſſary for the march and equipment of the ſaid companies; and particularly to collect, in the city of Philadelphia and its neighbourhood, blankets and other neceſſaries for their uſe, and to ſeize ſuch articles, paying the value of them, if they cannot otherwiſe be procured.

That one month's pay be advanced to each volunteer upon his enrolment; and that the Council of Safety be ſupplied with money for this purpoſe.

That the Council of Safety be requeſted to forward by expreſs the foregoing Reſolutions to the Commanding Officers of the ſeveral battalions of the State of Pennſylvania.

JAMES WILSON,
GEORGE CLYMER,
JAMES SMITH,
SAMUEL CHASE.

PHILADELPHIA, *November* 24, 1776.

IN COUNCIL OF SAFETY, *Philadelphia, November* 24, 1776.

SIR,

GENERAL HOWE, after having reduced Fort Waſhington, and obtained poſſeſſion of Fort Lee, is now directing his operations againſt New-Jerſey.—There is much reaſon to believe that his views extend to the city of Philadelphia. The forces in New-Jerſey may be inſufficient to oppoſe his progreſs: It is therefore indiſpenſably requiſite for the preſervation of this State, and the ſupport of the general cauſe, that troops be immediately raiſed to reinforce General Waſhington.—The meaſures adopted for this purpoſe you will learn from the reſolutions enclosed. In this time of danger it is unneceſſary to uſe arguments with freemen, who are determined never to loſe that character but with their lives. We have entire confidence that you, and the battalion under your command, will, upon this occaſion, give the ſtrongeſt proofs of vigour and patriotiſm.

A judicious choice of the officers will do honour to the volunteers, and produce eſſential advantages to the ſervice, for it is our opinion that the volunteers ought to have the election of them, and we recommend to you the utmoſt circumſpection and care, not only in the perſons you may recommend to them, but alſo in the manner of doing it.—As this Council can only have in view the intereſt of the whole, you may ſafely aſſure the people of our care and attention in the appointment of the field officers, ſo as, at the ſame time, to forward the ſervice, and, as much as poſſible, to give ſatisfaction to the people.

A Pay-maſter will be appointed for each battalion, and the volunteers may depend on having their pay regularly.—The Colonel or Commanding Officer ought to muſter each company, and ſend a certificate thereof to this Board.

Money is forwarded to ——— in order to advance the month's pay—to him you will pleaſe to apply for what money will be neceſſary in your battalion for that purpoſe. *By Order of the Council,*

DAVID RITTENHOUSE, Vice-Preſident.

To the Colonel or Commanding Officer of the Battalion of

Extract of a letter from Charleſtown, November 8.

"Very little news among us at preſent; it is reported the Creeks have broke out, and threaten Georgia; and we hear, by accounts received yeſterday, that the Cherokees are ſuing for peace."

A Gentleman of diſtinction has favoured us with the following liſt of the Officers killed and wounded at Fort Waſhington, viz.

Killed. Col. Baxter, of Bucks county, Pennſylvania; Capt. Miller, of the 5th Pennſylvania Battalion; Lieutenants Harriſon, and Nin Taunihill, of Col. Rawling's Battalion, of Maryland.

Wounded. Col. Rawlings, ſlightly in the ſmall of the leg; Major Williams, ſlightly in the upper part of the thigh; Lieut. Hanſon, of Col. Rawling's Battalion, in the ſhoulder—the ball cut out, and like to do well.—Some few other officers, whoſe names could not be recollected, very ſlightly wounded.

The loſs of the enemy, according to the beſt information received, is 300 Heſſians, and 27 Heſſian officers killed and wounded; one Captain killed, and 30 or 40 privates killed and wounded, of the Britiſh troops; but the loſs of the latter is ſuppoſed to be much more conſiderable.

The loſs ſuſtained by our troops could not be exactly aſcertained, but, from all the intelligence received, is ſuppoſed to be very inconſiderable.

Fort Lee having been evacuated by our troops, and the ſtores removed to a place of ſecurity, part of the Britiſh army, we hear, took poſſeſſion of it laſt Thurſday.

Richard Bache, Eſq; is appointed Poſtmaſter-General, and Peter Baynton, Eſq; Poſtmaſter for this city.

The Hon. Congreſs have promoted Monſieur de Roche de Fermoy, a brave and experienced officer, and formerly a Colonel in the French ſervice, to the rank of a Brigadier General.

By a letter from St. Euſtatia, of the 31ſt of October, we learn, that a ſhip, belonging to Liverpool, from the coaſt of Guinea, with a cargoe of ſlaves, had been lying off and on there for two days, having touched at all the other iſlands, but could not diſpoſe of her cargoe.

Laſt week arrived here the prize ſhip King George, Edmund Williams, late commander, homeward bound from Jamaica, taken by the Montgomery privateer, of this port.

Monday the ſhip Sam, lately commanded by Samuel Richardſon, was ſent into this port; ſhe was taken on her paſſage from Barbados to Liverpool, by the Continental ſloop Independence, Capt. Young, was mounted with four guns, and had on board 20,000 dollars, two tons and a half of ivory, 100 bars of iron, &c.

We hear that part of General Howe's army has advanced a few miles into the State of New-Jerſey, and that he is preparing with the remaining body of his troops to effect a landing in that State. General Waſhington is buſy in preparing to receive them, and if properly reinforced with the militia of New-Jerſey and the neighbouring States, we hope will be able to check their progreſs. We alſo hear that General Lee is advancing to join General Waſhington with a reinforcement from the Continental army in the State of New-York.

DIED. Mrs. MARY HILL, of Apoquiniminck Hundred, New-Caſtle County, in the 78th year of her age.—Mrs. KEPPELE, the conſort of Major JOHN KEPPELE, of this city.

Twenty Buſhels of SALT

WILL be diſtributed among the Poor, on Thurſday next, at *John Steinmetz*'s Store, in *Market-ſtreet*, each Family to receive one Quart *gratis*. *Nov.* 25.

THE MEMBERS OF THE
ST. ANDREW'S CHARITABLE SOCIETY

ARE deſired to attend their Anniverſary Meeting, at the Indian-Queen Tavern, on Saturday, the 30th Inſtant, at 6 o'Clock in the Evening.

ÆNEAS URQUHART, Secretary.

Port of Philadelphia, Pennſylvania, ſſ. } To all whom it may concern.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Court of Admiralty will be held at the Court-houſe, in the city of Philadelphia, on Saturday, the 14th day of December next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the ſame day, then and there to try the truth of the facts alledged in the bill of John Young, Eſq; (who, as well, &c.) againſt the armed ſhip or veſſel called the SAM, burthen about 120 tons, with her tackle, apparel, furniture and cargoe, lately commanded by Samuel Richardſon. To the end and intent, that the owner or owners of the ſaid ſhip, her cargoe, &c. or any perſons concerned therein, may appear and ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why the ſame ſhould not be condemned, according to the prayer of the ſaid bill.

Nov. 26, 1776. *By order of the Judge,*
† ANDREW ROBESON, Regiſter.

TO BE SOLD,

And may be entered upon the firſt of April next,

A VALUABLE Tract of LAND, containing about 85 acres, in Plymouth townſhip, on the Egypt road, juſt 14 miles from Philadelphia; there are a large ſtone houſe, barn, ſtables, and ſundry other office-houſes, all ſtone, and lime on the premiſes, an extraordinary good well of water at the kitchen door, two thriving young orchards, the land naturally good as any in this province, the whole of the clear land being limed within theſe two years, and may ever be kept rich, as there is great plenty of good limeſtone in every field on the place; convenient to ſeveral merchant-mills, one mile from Plymouth Meeting, and two from Barnhill Church; between 30 and 40 acres of good wood land. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe may know the terms, by applying to Mr. JOHN MITCHELL, Merchant, in Front-ſtreet, Philadelphia; Mr. JAMES STROUD, near the premiſes; or to Captain MATTHEW HENDERSON, of the Ninth Battalion for the State of Pennſylvania, commanded by Colonel JAMES IRWIN. ¶

Philadelphia, November 26, 1776.

TEN SHILLINGS REWARD.

STRAYED from off the Commons, the 16th inſtant, a dark red COW, of a large ſize, lately calved, has large horns, about 8 or 9 years old. Whoever takes up ſaid Cow, and gives information to the ſubſcriber, ſo as ſhe may be had again, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, from

¶ JOHN EVANS.

Philadelphia, November 25, 1776.

WAS STOPPED, a few days ago, two HORSES, ſuppoſed to be ſtolen, viz. One a ſorrel, 6 years old, with a white face, near 14 hands high, with a long mane and tail. The other a dark brown, 15 hands high, with a bald face, 3 white feet, a ſhort ſwitch tail. Whoever has loſt ſaid horſes, proving their property and paying charges, may be further informed, by EDWARD STROUD, and JOHN BRAY. ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Guilford townſhip, Cumberland county, a Dutch ſervant lad, named *Frederick Steits*, but changed his name to *Peter Miller*, about 18 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, thick and well made, freſh complexion, thick buſhy hair, of a browniſh colour; had on a blue great coat, white ſailors jacket, dark brown velvet breeches, 2 check ſhirts, 2 pair of ozenbrigs trowſers, and an old caſtor hat. He is well acquainted in Philadelphia, and is thought to be lurking about the city. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ JOHN VANCE.

All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RAN *away on the 17th inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, living in Sadſbury townſhip, Cheſter county, a negroe man, named* GIRSHON, *about 22 years of age, ſtrong and well made, 5 feet 8 inches high; had on, and took with him, a good wool hat, a brown uniform coat, cuffs and cape of a buff colour, the cape is buckſkin, an old red ſerge jacket, a pair of ſtrong buckſkin breeches, blue cloth legings, and an old light coloured great coat. Whoever brings ſaid negroe home to his maſter, ſhall receive the above reward, or if ſecured in any goal, Thirty Shillings, paid by*

‡ *JOSEPH PARK.*

RUN away the 18th of October laſt, a Negroe man, named DICK, by trade a blackſmith, about 22 years of age, near 5 feet 6 inches high; had on, when he went away, a London brown ſhort coat, with yellow buttons, a ſcarlet jacket which had been turned, with yellow buttons, ſtriped ticken trowſers, an old beaver hat, new pumps, and plated buckles. It is ſuppoſed he is in or near this city, working at his trade. Whoever brings the ſaid Negroe to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward. ALEXANDER TOD, in Front-ſtreet, 2 doors above Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

November 17, 1776.

WAS taken up, on Edge-Hill, near Rynear Tyſon's, in Abington townſhip, Philadelphia county, a likely bay HORSE, about 16 hands high, ſuppoſed to be about 7 years old, with a ſtar in his forehead, and his hind feet white. The owner coming and proving his property, paying charges, may have him again, by applying to LEVI MARTIN. ¶

TO BE SOLD, on the PREMISES,

On TUESDAY, the Third Day of December next, for CASH, to the highest Bidder,

THAT NOTED PLANTATION, belonging to the eſtate of the late Capt. HOWARD, ſituated on the poſt-road about a mile from Princeton, containing 160 acres, with a proper proportion of meadow, paſture, arable and woodland, 21 acres of the latter being about 3 miles from the buildings, which conſiſt of an excellent dwelling-houſe, kitchen, barn, ſtables, coach, pidgeon and other out-houſes; there is an incloſed garden, and a good well of water; alſo a good apple orchard, and a great variety of fruit trees: A conſiderable part of the fence is well-laid ſtone, and the other part in good repair. The pleaſant and healthy ſituation of this ſeat is too well known to need mentioning.---At the ſame time and place will be ſold, horſes, cows, ſheep and hogs; hay, waggons, a cart, plows, and a variety of other farming utenſils; together with beds, tables, looking-glaſſes, and a quantity of other genteel houſhould and kitchen furniture. Poſſeſſion of the farm may be had, and a good title given, as ſoon as the purchaſer pleaſes. The ſale to begin at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

N. B. There is a crop of wheat in the ground.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC SALE, on Monday, the 9th day of December next,

A VALUABLE plantation, ſituated in Briſtol townſhip, ſeven miles from Philadelphia; bounded on the old York road and lands of Dr. Benneville, Benjamin Armitage, Thomas Griffith, Nathan Thomas and others, containing 150 acres, be the ſame more or leſs, whereon is a large ſtone dwelling-houſe and ſtone kitchen joining it, a well of good water with a pump in it, near the door, a ſtone ſpring-houſe, with a neat lodging-room and kitchen, alſo an excellent wheat granary over the ſame, a large barn, one half ſtone, the other well framed, has two threſhing floors, two fodder rooms, a ſtable for horſes, a very convenient apartment to preſs cyder in, with a cyder preſs in it, and a large and convenient cellar under part of the ſame; there is alſo a large and very convenient frame cow-houſe, that will houſe 12 or more cattle, and will hold hay ſufficient for them the winter ſeaſon; there are about 8 acres orchard, one half young and very thriving, part whereof is of the beſt grafted fruit, the other half is in very good bearing order; there are at leaſt 20 acres of good meadow, the whole well watered, and near 40 acres good wood land, the remainder excellent plow land, and fences in good repair. There is alſo on ſaid place a log tenement that rents for Six Pounds a year. The whole pleaſantly ſituated, and will ſuit either gentleman or farmer. It will be ſold together, or divided, as may beſt ſuit a purchaſer, and an indiſputable title will be given. The ſale to begin at ten o' clock in the forenoon of ſaid day.-----And on the next day, at ten o' clock in the forenoon, will begin the ſale of all and ſingular the goods and moveables on ſaid place, viz. Horſes, cows, waggons, carts, plows, harrows, geers, a Dutch fan, a quantity of clean rye, and about 15 tons of very good hay, wheat and rye in the ground, a quantity of potatoes, an almoſt new eight-day clock, a ten plate ſtove; alſo houſhold goods and furniture of different kinds, and a variety of farming utenſils and other articles. The whole being late the property of William Wilſon, deceaſed; due attendance will be given on each of ſaid days, and the conditions of ſale made known by THOMAS WILSON, WILLIAM WILSON, and ARCHIBALD WILSON, Executors. ‖ 7ſ6.

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, on the 30th day of this inſtant November,

ONE hundred acres of good land, well watered and timbered, above one half woodland, a ſmall orchard, ſome meadow made, and more may be made and watered; the land ſituate in Newtown, Cheſter county, a great road running through ſaid land, leading from the Great-Valley to Darby, and from Lancaſter to Philadelphia, and about 13 miles to Philadelphia; alſo one other piece of land 20 or 30 acres, ſituate as above, well watered and timbered, ſome meadow made and well watered, and more may be made and watered, a good log houſe, with a ſtone chimney; horſes for draft and ſaddle, a mill to clean wheat; mares with foal, and creatures unbroke. Any perſon inclined to purchaſe one piece or both, by applying to RICHARD FAWKES, living near the premiſes, will be ſhewed the land. ¶

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber, at public Vendue, on Thurſday, the 5th of December next, on the premiſes,

A VALUABE plantation, ſituated in New-Britain townſhip, Bucks county, containing about 133 acres of land, about 65 of which are cleared, and produce exceeding good crops of winter and ſpring grain, about 15 acres of good mowable meadow, which can chiefly be watered, and more may be made, the remainder is very well timbered; there is on the premiſes a good bearing orchard, containing about 200 apple trees, and a good new griſt-mill in good running order, the mill is built with ſtone, and an apartment therein convenient for a family to dwell. There are at a diſtance from the mill a ſmall ſtone dwelling-houſe, with a log kitchen, a ſtone ſpring-houſe, with a never-failing ſpring; as there are two dwelling-houſes on the premiſes, it will be ſold ſeparate or together as may beſt anſwer. Any perſon or perſons inclining to purchaſe, may view the premiſes and know the terms, or on the day of ſale the terms will be made public, by NATHAN MATTHEW.

N. B. The ſale to begin at 12 o'clock. ¶

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, on the premiſes, the third day of December next,

A GOOD plantation or tract of LAND, containing 20 acres, ſituate in Coventry townſhip, Cheſter county, about two miles from Pottſgrove, with a good large ſtone-dwelling houſe, and a good cellar under the ſame, and a good large ſtone barn and ſtables, ſpring and ſpring-houſe, and other out-houſes; about one half of the land is well timbered, and the other is good corn land; about 15 acres of the beſt watered meadow; a good orchard, with good apple-trees, and about 30 acres of wheat and rye in the ground; all in good fence and repair. The ſale to begin the ſame day, on the premiſes, between the hours of twelve and one of the clock. The conditions to be ſeen at the time and place of ſale, by JOHN BOUGH, and PETER CRUMBACKER, Executors. ‖ 6 W,

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Several SUMS of MONEY

To be LETT at Intereſt, on good real Security,

BY JOHN ORD,

NOTARY PUBLIC and CONVEYANCER,

In Front-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets. ¶

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, in Lower-Merion townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the 12th of October inſtant, a Dutch ſervant Woman, hath been about two years in the country, ſpeaks very broken Engliſh, named Anna Ronna Wenſeling, *30 years of age, middle ſized, round faced, yellow complexion, thick lips, round ſhouldered, brown hair, intermixed with white, and bald on the top of her head, a ſmall ſhort thumb on the right hand, large lumps on her big toe joints, much addicted to lying; had on, when ſhe went away, a ſtriped flannel jacket, patched with ſtriped flannel of a darker colour, a petticoat of the ſame, ſtriped with ſheep's black and yellow, and a green worſted under jacket, lined with linen, one tow ſhift, two tow aprons, a ſingle handkerchief of ſmall check, no ſhoes nor ſtockings, an old caſtor hat. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures her, ſo as ſhe may be had again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* JOHN ZELL. ¶

PROVINCE of PENNSYLVANIA, ſs.

ALL Perſons poſſeſſed of the Bills of Credit of this Province of the ſeveral Emiſſions iſſued before the Year 1773 [Bills of Credit of the Houſe of Employ, which are exchanged by the Treaſurer of that Inſtitution, excepted] are hereby earneſtly requeſted to bring them to the Provincial Treaſurer, in Philadelphia, in order to have them exchanged, which will thereby be rendering their Country a Service.---The Treaſurer would further add, that from an anxious Deſire of doing all the real Service to the Public he can, on conſidering that there is ſtill a Want of Change in Circulation, notwithſtanding the great Quantity by him delivered out, he would inform thoſe that are poſſeſſed of the Bills of Credit dated 20th July, 1775, iſſued by the Reſolutions of the Aſſembly, that they may have them alſo exchanged, ſo far as the ſmall Bills remaining in his Hands will enable him to do, although the Taxes for the ſinking thoſe Bills are not yet laid.

Nov. 11, 1776. MICHAEL HILLEGAS, Pro. Treaſurer.

Middletown Townſhip, Cumberland County, Nov. 4, 1776.

On Monday, the ſecond day of December next, will be ſold by public vendue, by the ſubſcribers, executors of the laſt will and teſtament of Robert Callender, of the townſhip aforeſaid, deceaſed, upon the premiſes,

ALL that valuable plantation and tract of about 1200 acres of excellent limeſtone land, lately advertiſed to be ſold at private ſale, ſituate in Eaſt-Pennſborough townſhip, in the county aforeſaid, about 10 miles eaſtward of the town of Carliſle, on the great road leading from Harris's ferry to the ſaid town, whereon are erected and built one excellent merchant-mill and ſaw-mill adjacent, both in very good repair, and now in the tenure of Mr. Francis Silver, at one hundred and forty pounds per annum, on a never-failing ſtream of water, known by the name of Silver's Spring, the head of which is not one mile diſtant from the ſaid mills, and abounds with the fineſt of trout, is in a plentiful country for wheat and all kinds of grain; the mill-houſe is built of lime-ſtone, two ſtories high, and has in it two pair of ſtones, two boulting-cloths and hoiſting works, the whole of which go by water; together with a new two ſtory ſtone dwelling-houſe and large ſtone barn, now with part of the land in the tenure of Mr. John M'Curdy, who keeps a public houſe of entertainment, for which buſineſs it is moſt advantageouſly ſituated; alſo one other very large two ſtory ſtone dwelling-houſe and frame barn, with other ſtables and out-houſes, which is with another part of the ſaid land in the tenure of another perſon. This tract may be conveniently divided into three plantations, each getting a ſufficiency of water and timber, and ground to turn into meadow, and is by thoſe who know it deemed as valuable an eſtate, according to the quantity of land, as is now to be ſold on the continent, and will be ſold either together or in ſeparate tracts.---A clear and indiſputable title will be given for the ſame, and credit for part of the purchaſe-money, on paying intereſt for the ſame, if required, by *Frances Callender*, Executrix; *William Neal*, *William Irvine*, and *Matthias Slough*, Executors.

N. B. Any perſon or perſons inclining to view the ſaid land before the day of ſale, will be ſhewn the boundaries, by applying to Mr. *Francis Silver*, on the premiſes. ‖ 7ſ6.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Iſaiah Linton, late of Harford county, in the province of Maryland, Miller, deceaſed, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment; and all thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate, are requeſted to make known their reſpective claims, that they may be adjuſted by

¶ WILLIAM LINTON, Adminiſtrator.

N. B. Attendance will be given from the tenth of November inſtant, until the firſt of December next, at or near the late dwelling of the ſaid deceaſed.

JOHN BYRNES, Bricklayer,

OF Maryland, is deſired immediately to call on his friend J. M. of Philadelphia, in order to hear of ſomething to his advantage. *Philadelphia, November* 4, 1776. §

TAKEN up, about two weeks ago, a BAY MARE, between 14 and 15 hands high, paces and trots, no ſhoes on. The owner, by applying to ISAAC LORT, in Strawberry-alley, proving his property, and paying charges, may have her again. *November* 5, 1776.

TAKEN up the 18th of October laſt, a bright BAY MARE COLT, has a bald face, never ſhod nor docked, her hind feet white. The owner, by applying to ISAAC LORT, in Strawberry-alley, proving his property, and paying charges, may have her again.

THE CORPORATION for the Relief of poor and diſtreſſed Preſbyterian Miniſters, their Widows and Children, &c. are to meet at the firſt Preſbyterian Church in Philadelphia, on Wedneſday, the fourth day of next December, at 11 o'Clock in the Morning, to chooſe a Treaſurer, and to conſult how to lay out the Money that is now come in, or that may hereafter come into the Hands of the Treaſurer, and to do whatever other Buſineſs may come before them. FRANCIS ALISON, Secretary. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

The following Tracts of LAND lying in Virginia,

181 Acres of good Limeſtone Land, in Frederick county, on the drains of Opekan, about two miles from Winchester.

250 Acres of Wood Land, in Frederick county aforeſaid, about two miles from Woodſtock.

200 Acres, formerly Odle's, about ten miles from Winchester, adjoining lands of Joſeph Smith Speer and Alexander Rutherford.

400 Acres on the waters of Back-Creek, in the county aforeſaid, and on the great road leading to the ſouth branch, about ten miles from Winchester, 100 acres of which are extreme rich bottom, well watered by a fine ſtream that runs through it, there are ſome improvements on it, and about 40 acres cleared.

800 Acres on the north branch of Patowmack, and on a branch called Cabbin-Run, about 8 miles from Fort Cumberland.

A Houſe and Lot, and ten acres out Lot, in the town of Woodſtock.

400 Acres in Hampſhire county, on Andis's Mill-Run, and adjoining lands of ſaid Andis.

For terms apply to GEORGE MEADE, who will ſell the lands for current money, or on credit, with proper ſecurity, as may ſuit the purchaſer. 4 W.

THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward,

BROKE out or ſtolen from the White Horſe tavern, between Philadelphia and Cheſter, the firſt of 11th month, 1776, a black MARE, about 9 years old, about 14 or 15 hands high, natural pacer, with ſome white hairs growing out at the root of her tail, newly ſhod before. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, ſo as the owner may have her again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by DAVID MOORE, living in Londongrove townſhip, Cheſter county, near William Miller's mill. ¶

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, the 21ſt of October laſt, an Iriſh ſervant girl, named Margaret Kelly, *about 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, ſhe has a ſcar on the under ſide of her right arm, black hair, with a high roller; had on, when ſhe went away, a ſtriped calicoe ſhort gown, and a lincey one under it, a ſtriped lincey petticoat, a homeſpun ſhift, a tow apron, a white handkerchief, and a white linen bonnet; ſhe walks very upright. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, ſo that her maſter may have her again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by*

† *JOHN BOYER.*

To be LETT, about ſeven Miles from Philadelphia, for any Number of Years,

A very convenient PLANTATION.

The PRINTERS can ſhow Particulars.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE tract of patented land, ſituate in Weſtmoreland county, near the Kittaning, containing near one thouſand acres. The owner would exchange it for a plantation within 30 miles of Philadelphia, or ſell it cheap for caſh.

Enquire of the PRINTERS. ‖ 6 W.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN, on the night of the 26th of September laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Hamilton townſhip, Cumberland county, and province of Pennſylvania, two Horſes, viz. one black, 15½ hands high, no brand but a ſcar on his rump by a hurt, a natural pacer, ſhod before, nine years old. The other a bay, 5 years old, 15 hands high, branded I. L. on the near ſhoulder, trots and paces; had a bell on, marked I. L. and one pair of iron fetters. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid horſes, and thieves, ſo that the owner may get the horſes, and the thief or thieves brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, or Three Pounds for the horſes, with reaſonable charges if brought home, paid by JOHN LEEPER. ¶

WHEREAS I, the ſubſcriber, between nine and ten o'clock in the night of the 22d of October laſt, was attacked by ill-deſigning perſons, between Andrew Smith's tavern and Matthias Holebach's, with clubs, who knocked me down, and beat me in an unmerciful manner, until they thought I was dead, and robbed me (as is ſuppoſed) of my pocket-book, in which were Forty-ſeven Dollars in Continental currency, beſides ſome ſmall bills: I do therefore offer the reward of Six Dollars to any perſon who ſhall find the ſaid pocket-book and money, provided it was loſt at the time I was defending myſelf, before I was overpowered by the villains, but if they have robbed me of it, I hereby promiſe the reward of FIFTY DOLLARS for apprehending the thief or thieves, ſo as they be thereof convicted, and the pocket-book and money delivered to me CASPER WEAVER. ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, living in Leacock townſhip, Lancaſter county, a bright bay MARE, about 4 years old, has a ſmall ſtar, the off hind foot white, paces and trots, a good deal of the hair trimmed off her tail. The thief that was ſeen riding her away is named Stephen Barat. Whoever takes up ſaid mare and thief, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive the above reward, or for the mare Forty Shillings, paid by

October 27, 1776. § HUMPHREY FULLERTON.

Paradiſe Townſhip, York County, Pennſylvania, October 15, 1776.

STOLEN, laſt night, out of the ſubſcriber's paſture, two HORSES, the one a dark roan, with a white mane and tail, 15 years old, paces and trots, branded on the near fore ſide thus ⊐, is of a middle ſize, and has on his back a place without hair. The other is ſmaller, a light brown, 3 years old, branded on the near ſide before and behind with M. Whoever takes up ſaid horſes and ſecures them, ſo that the owner may have them again, or brings them to his houſe, ſhall receive Four Dollars for each, beſides reaſonable charges, and Five Pounds for the thief, from PETER BOOSE. ¶

CAME to the houſe of the ſubſcriber, living in Auguſta townſhip, Northumberland county, on the 6th day of October laſt, A SORREL MARE, about 14 hands high, 6 years old, no brand, a natural pacer, has a ſtar in her forehead, and ſome other natural marks. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take her away. ‡ *JOB HUGHES.*

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in the upper of Trenton, on the 3d of Auguſt laſt, a black HORSE, near 15 hands high, with a ſtar in his forehead, three white feet, branded on the near thigh but cannot diſtinguiſh what letter, ſhod all round, a natural pacer. The owner coming for him, proving his property, and paying charges, may have him again. ¶ BENJAMIN CLARK.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE Tract of Land, containing 120 acres and allowance, ſituate at the mouth of Little Conawago Creek, in York county, about 9 miles from York town, well timbered and watered, about 20 acres of land and ſome meadow lately cleared, and ſeveral acres of meadow may be made and watered; there is a ſtone dwelling-houſe and a good griſt mill, with three pair of ſtones, and ſaw mill built on it, all new. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe ſaid premiſes, may know the terms, by applying to SAMUEL UPDEGRAFF, *in ſaid town.* †

STRAYED or STOLEN, on the 8th of September laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Eaſt-Bradford townſhip, Cheſter county, TWO HEIFERS, one three years old, brindled, with a white face, and a brown ſpot round her off eye, has neither brand nor ear-mark; the other two years old, a brown, has a crop in the near ear, and a ſlit in the off ear, and had a bell on. Whoever brings them home, or informs the owner where they may be found, ſhall have ONE DOLLAR reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by §

Nov. 1, 1776. ROBERT MERCER, junior.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Kingſeſs townſhip, Philadelphia county, the 31ſt of October laſt, an Iriſh ſervant girl, named Jane Gau, *of a low ſize, but pretty fat and thick, of a brown complexion, marked ſome with the ſmall-pox, has a ſcar on her under lip, ſhort black hair; had on, when ſhe went away, a new ſtriped homeſpun linen gown, a purple ſilk bonnet, almoſt new, an old black calimancoe quilt, a dirty ſtriped lincey petticoat, low-heeled leather ſhoes, blue yarn ſtockings; took with her two ſtriped linen ſhort gowns, one a dark ſtripe, pieced at the ſleeves with ſtripe of another ſort, the other a light ſtripe homeſpun, almoſt new, one check apron, one tow ditto, and one purple lincey ditto, two white ſingle handkerchiefs, and one cotton ditto, 3 caps, one lawn the others linen.---- Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant girl, and ſecures her in any goal, ſo that her maſter may get her again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* §

THOMAS LAYCOCK.

BROKE out of the goal of Berks county, Pennſylvania, on Sunday, the 27th day of October laſt, two felons, viz. Frederic Meyer, *a German, about 5 feet 10 inches high, dark complexion, with black curled hair, about 40 years of age, had on a homeſpun blue and white coat, white jacket, leather breeches, a large ſlaped hat; he lately broke out of Eaſton goal.* Thomas Roach, *a native of Ireland, about 5 feet 8 inches high, 30 years of age, ſandy complexion, and hair; had on a white hunting ſhirt and trowſers, a brown jacket; alſo a certain* William Jones, *committed on ſuſpicion of ſtealing. Whoever takes up and ſecures the ſaid Frederic Meyer, and Thomas Roach, and commits them in any goal, ſo that they may be had again, ſhall receive* FIVE POUNDS *reward for the former, and* TWO POUNDS *for the latter, from*

¶ *PAUL KERBER, goaler.*

RUN from the ſubſcriber, living in Lower Alloway's-Creek townſhip, Salem county, New-Jerſey, on the firſt of September ult. a ſervant lad, named *Charles Hollingſworth*, about 15 years of age, of low ſize, but middling thick; had on, and took with him, a blue duffil jacket, without ſleeves, a tow ſhirt and trowſers, the ſhirt patched on the ſhoulders with brown tow cloth; had an old wool hat on, light brown hair, pale complexion, with freckled ſkin. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have SIX DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

§ WILLIAM DRAKE.

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